
SCHEDULE A

**AN ANNUAL BUDGET AND
SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION
OF UMZUMBE LOCAL
MUNICIPALITY**

DRAFT ANNUAL BUDGET OF
UMZUMBE LOCAL
MUNICIPALITY

2025/26 TO 2027/28
MEDIUM TERM REVENUE AND
EXPENDITURE FORECASTS

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Table of Contents

ANNEXURE	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
PART 1 – ANNUAL BUDGET	1
1.1 MAYOR’S REPORT	1
1.2 COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS	1
1.3 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
1.4 OPERATING REVENUE FRAMEWORK.....	4
1.5 OPERATING EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK.....	8
1.6 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	12
1.7 ANNUAL BUDGET TABLES - PARENT MUNICIPALITY.....	13
PART 2 – SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION	29
2.1 OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL BUDGET PROCESS.....	29
2.2 OVERVIEW OF ALIGNMENT OF ANNUAL BUDGET WITH IDP	31
2.3 MEASURABLE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND INDICATORS	40
2.4 OVERVIEW OF BUDGET RELATED-POLICIES.....	43
2.5 OVERVIEW OF BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS	45
2.6 OVERVIEW OF BUDGET FUNDING.....	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.7 EXPENDITURE ON GRANTS AND RECONCILIATIONS OF UNSPENT FUNDS.....	52
2.8 COUNCILLOR AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS.....	54
2.9 MONTHLY TARGETS FOR REVENUE, EXPENDITURE AND CASH FLOW.....	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.10 ANNUAL BUDGETS AND SDBIPs – INTERNAL DEPARTMENTS.....	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.11 CONTRACTS HAVING FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.12 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE DETAILS	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.13 LEGISLATION COMPLIANCE STATUS.....	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.14 OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS.....	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.
2.15 MUNICIPAL MANAGER’S QUALITY CERTIFICATE	57

List of Tables

Table 1 Consolidated Overview of the 2025/26 MTREF	3
Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source.....	4
Table 3 Percentage growth in revenue by main revenue source	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 4 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts	5
Table 5 Comparison of proposed rates to levied for the 2025/26 financial year.....	7
Table 6 Comparison between current waste removal fees and increases...	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 7 MBRR Table SA14 – Household bills.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 8 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item	9
Table 9 Operational repairs and maintenance	10
Table 10 Repairs and maintenance per asset class.....	11
Table 11 2025/26 Medium-term capital budget per vote	Error! Bookmark not defined.

Table 17 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary	14
Table 18 MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification).....	16
Table 19 MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote).....	17
Table 20 Surplus/(Deficit) calculations for the trading services	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 21 MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)	18
Table 22 MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source.....	19
Table 23 MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position	21
Table 24 MBRR Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement	22
Table 25 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation	22
Table 26 MBRR Table A9 - Asset Management.....	23
Table 27 MBRR Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement	27
Table 28 IDP Strategic Objectives	32
Table 29 MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue	34
Table 30 MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operating expenditure.....	35
Table 31 MBRR Table SA7 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted capital expenditure.....	38
Table 32 MBRR Table SA7 - Measurable performance objectives.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 33 MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks.....	42
Table 34 Credit rating outlook	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 35 Breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 36 Proposed tariff increases over the medium-term.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 37 MBRR SA15 – Detail Investment Information	46
Table 38 MBRR SA16 – Investment particulars by maturity	47
Table 39 Sources of capital revenue over the MTREF	48
Table 40 MBRR Table SA 17 - Detail of borrowings	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 41 MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grant receipts	49
Table 42 MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement.....	50
Table 43 MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation	51
Table 44 MBRR SA10 – Funding compliance measurement.....	51
Table 45 MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes.....	52
Table 46 MBRR SA 20 - Reconciliation between of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds	53
Table 47 MBRR SA22 - Summary of councillor and staff benefits	54
Table 48 MBRR SA23 - Salaries, allowances and benefits (political office bearers/councillors/ senior managers)	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 49 MBRR SA24 – Summary of personnel numbers	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 50 MBRR SA25 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure	Error! Bookmark not defined.

Table 51 MBRR SA26 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote).... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 52 MBRR SA27 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification)..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 53 MBRR SA28 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote) **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 54 MBRR SA29 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (standard classification) . **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 55 MBRR SA30 - Budgeted monthly cash flow..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 56 Water Services Department - operating revenue by source, expenditure by type and total capital expenditure **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 57 Water Services Department – Performance objectives and indicators **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 58 MBRR SA 34a - Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class . **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 59 MBRR SA34b - Capital expenditure on the renewal of existing assets by asset class..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 60 MBRR SA34c - Repairs and maintenance expenditure by asset class..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 61 MBRR SA35 - Future financial implications of the capital budget . **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 62 MBRR SA36 - Detailed capital budget per municipal vote **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 63 MBRR SA37 - Projects delayed from previous financial year **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 64 MBRR Table SA1 - Supporting detail to budgeted financial performance **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 65 MBRR Table SA2 – Matrix financial performance budget (revenue source/expenditure type and department)..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 66 MBRR Table SA3 – Supporting detail to Statement of Financial Position **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 67 MBRR Table SA9 – Social, economic and demographic statistics and assumptions..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Table 68 MBRR SA32 – List of external mechanisms **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

List of Figures

Figure 1 Main operational expenditure categories for the 2025/26 financial year 10

Figure 2 Capital Infrastructure Programme **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Figure 3 Expenditure by major type..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Figure 4 Depreciation in relation to repairs and maintenance over the MTREF 27

Figure 5 Planning, budgeting and reporting cycle 40

Figure 6 Definition of performance information concepts..... 41

Figure 7 Breakdown of operating revenue over the 2025/26 MTREF **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Figure 8 Sources of capital revenue for the 2025/26 financial year 48

Figure 9 Growth in outstanding borrowing (long-term liabilities)..... **Error! Bookmark not defined.**
Figure 10 Cash and cash equivalents / Cash backed reserves and accumulated funds **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AMR	Automated Meter Reading	ℓ	litre
ASGISA	Accelerated and Shared Growth Initiative	LED	Local Economic Development
BPC	Budget Planning Committee	MEC	Member of the Executive Committee
CBD	Central Business District	MFMA	Municipal Financial Management Act Programme
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
CM	Municipality Manager	MMC	Member of Mayoral Committee
CPI	Consumer Price Index	MPRA	Municipal Properties Rates Act
CRRF	Capital Replacement Reserve Fund	MSA	Municipal Systems Act
DBSA	Development Bank of South Africa	MTEF	Medium-term Expenditure Framework
DoRA	Division of Revenue Act	MTREF	Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework
DWA	Department of Water Affairs	NERSA	National Electricity Regulator South Africa
EE	Employment Equity	NGO	Non-Governmental organisations
EEDSM	Energy Efficiency Demand Side Management	NKPIs	National Key Performance Indicators
EM	Executive Mayor	OHS	Occupational Health and Safety
FBS	Free basic services	OP	Operational Plan
GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice	PBO	Public Benefit Organisations
GDP	Gross domestic product	PHC	Provincial Health Care
GDS	Gauteng Growth and Development Strategy	PMS	Performance Management System
GFS	Government Financial Statistics	PPE	Property Plant and Equipment
GRAP	General Recognised Accounting Practice	PPP	Public Private Partnership
HR	Human Resources	PTIS	Public Transport Infrastructure System
HSRC	Human Science Research Council	RG	Restructuring Grant
IDP	Integrated Development Strategy	RSC	Regional Services Council
IT	Information Technology	SALGA	South African Local Government Association
kl	kilolitre	SAPS	South African Police Service
km	kilometre	SDBIP	Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan
KPA	Key Performance Area	SMME	Small Micro and Medium Enterprises
KPI	Key Performance Indicator		
kWh	kilowatt		

Part 1 – Annual Budget

1.1 Mayor's Report – quote from circular 126

In the past three years after COVID 19, the world economy has gone through its deepest recession in over 70 years. South African economy(GDP) has only grown by 1% average in the last 15 years. Signals are that the recovery is still fragile and many commentators caution that current positive economic trends may be short-lived and that the world economy may yet experience a second recessionary wave. Umzumbe Municipality was in no way immune to the harsh economic realities associated with the recession. Among the impacts are the serious cash flow challenges currently being experienced by the municipality due to among other things declining collection rates; historic expenditure patterns and a general lack of “doing business smarter”.

Management within local government has a significant role to play in strengthening the link between the citizen and government's overall priorities and spending plans. The goal should be to enhance service delivery aimed at improving the quality of life for all people within Umzumbe Local Municipality. **Budgeting is primarily about the choices that the municipality has to make between competing priorities and fiscal realities. The challenge is to do more with the available resources. We need to remain focused on the effective delivery of the core municipal services through the application of efficient and effective service delivery mechanisms.**

The application of sound financial management principles for the compilation of the Municipality's financial plan is essential and critical to ensure that the Municipality remains financially viable and that sustainable municipal services are provided economically and equitably to all communities.

1.2 Council Resolutions

On 28 May 2025 the Council of Umzumbe Local Municipality met in the Council Chambers of Umzumbe Local Municipality to consider the annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2025/26. The Council approved and adopted the following resolutions:

1. The Council of Umzumbe Local Municipality, acting in terms of section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act 56 of 2003) approves and adopts:
 - 1.1. The annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2025/26 and the multi-year and single-year capital appropriations as set out in the following tables:
 - 1.1.1. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) as contained in Table 18 on page 24;
 - 1.1.2. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) as contained in Table 19 on page 26;
 - 1.1.3. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue by source and expenditure by type) as contained in Table 21 on page 28; and
 - 1.1.4. Multi-year and single-year capital appropriations by municipal vote and standard classification and associated funding by source as contained in Table 22 on page 30.

- 1.2. The financial position, cash flow budget, cash-backed reserve/accumulated surplus, asset management and basic service delivery targets are approved as set out in the following tables:
 - 1.2.1. Budgeted Financial Position as contained in Table 23 ;
 - 1.2.2. Budgeted Cash Flows as contained in Table 24;
 - 1.2.3. Cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation as contained in Table 25;
 - 1.2.4. Asset management as contained in Table 26; and
 - 1.2.5. Basic service delivery measurement as contained in Table 27.
2. The Council of Umzumbe Local Municipality, acting in terms of section 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) approves and adopts with effect from 1 July 2025:
 - 2.1. the tariffs for property rates – as set out in Annexure A,
3. The Council of Umzumbe Local Municipality, acting in terms of 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) approves and adopts with effect from 1 July 2025 the tariffs for other services, as set out in Annexures G1 to G21 respectively.
4. To give proper effect to the municipality's annual budget, the Council of Umzumbe Local Municipality approves:
 - 4.1. That cash backing is implemented through the utilisation of a portion of the revenue generated from property rates to ensure that all capital reserves and provisions and unspent conditional grants are cash backed as required in terms of the municipality's funding and reserves policy as prescribed by section 8 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations.
 - 4.2. That council adopts the use of 10% of 2025/26 MIG allocation on repairs and maintenance for Municipal Assets.
 - 4.3. That Council to note the current implications of the National Budget that has been tabled but not yet adopted by Parliament and withdrawal of the Provincial Budget by the Finance MEC.
 - 4.4. That council approves the budget which includes indicative national and provincial grants in the Division of Revenue Bill as tabled by the finance minister.
 - 4.5. That it be noted that there will be NO transacting on the grant funded operating and capital budget until the indicative figures have been adopted by Parliament and Gazetted.

1.3 Executive Summary

The application of sound financial management principles for the compilation of the municipality's financial plan is essential and critical to ensure that the municipality remains financially viable and that municipal services are provided sustainably, economically and equitably to all communities.

The Municipality's business and service delivery priorities were reviewed as part of this year's planning and budget process. Where appropriate, funds were transferred from low- to high-priority programmes to maintain sound financial stewardship. A critical review was also undertaken of expenditures on noncore and 'nice to have' items. This has resulted in savings to the municipality.

The Municipality has embarked on implementing a range of revenue collection strategies to optimize the collection of debt owed by consumers. Furthermore, the Municipality has undertaken various customer care initiatives to ensure the municipality truly involves all citizens in the process of ensuring a people lead government.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No. 130 were used to guide the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF.

The main challenges experienced during the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF can be summarised as follows:

- The ongoing difficulties in the national and local economy;
- Aging and poorly maintained roads and Municipal Infrastructure.
- The need to reprioritise projects and expenditure within the existing resource envelope given the cash flow realities and declining cash position of the municipality;
- Wage increases for municipal staff that continue to exceed consumer inflation, as well as the need to fill critical vacancies;
- Affordability of capital projects – original allocations had to be reduced and the operational expenditure associated with prior year's capital investments needed to be factored into the budget as part of the 2025/26 MTREF process; and
- Availability of affordable capital.

The following budget principles and guidelines directly informed the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF:

- The 2024/25 Adjustments Budget priorities and targets, as well as the base line allocations contained in that Adjustments Budget were adopted as the upper limits for the new baselines for the 2025/26 annual budget;
- Intermediate service level standards were used to inform the measurable objectives, targets and backlog eradication goals;
- Tariff and property rate increases should be affordable and should generally not exceed inflation as measured by the CPI, except where there are price increases in the inputs of services that are beyond the control of the municipality. In addition, tariffs need to remain or move towards being cost reflective, and should consider the need to address infrastructure backlogs;
- There will be no budget allocated to national and provincial funded projects unless the necessary grants to the municipality are reflected in the national and provincial budget and have been gazetted as required by the annual Division of Revenue Act;

In view of the aforementioned, the following table is a consolidated overview of the proposed 2025/26 Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework:

Table 1 Consolidated Overview of the 2025/26 MTREF

Total operating revenue has decreased by 12 per cent for the 2025/26 financial year when compared to the 2024/25 Adjustments Budget. For the two outer years, operational revenue will remain stagnant.

Total operating expenditure for the 2025/26 financial year has been appropriated at R206.4 million and translates into a budgeted surplus of R500K. When compared to the 2024/25 Adjustments Budget, operational expenditure has decreased by 33 per cent in the 2024/25 budget.

The capital budget of R63.4 million for 2025/26 is 29.5 per cent less when compared to the 2024/25 Adjustment Budget. The reduction is due decrease in our capital allocations and depletion of our reserves.

1.4 Operating Revenue Framework

For Umzumbe Local Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to generate the required revenue. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

The municipality's revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy;
- Growth in the Municipality and continued economic development;
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure a 95 per cent annual collection rate for property rates and other key service charges;
- Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges especially in relation to trading services;
- Determining the tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating the revenue requirement of each service;
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- Increase ability to extend new services and recover costs;
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- Tariff policies of the Municipality.

The following table is a summary of the 2025/26 MTREF (classified by main revenue source):

Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Revenue											
Exchange Revenue											
Service charges - Electricity	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Water	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Waste Water Management	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Waste Management	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services		106	110	117	230	231	231	12	14 624	9 222	9 639
Agency services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned from Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned from Current and Non Current Assets		7 264	10 325	9 197	10 000	6 000	6 000	3 724	6 000	6 270	6 546
Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent on Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rental from Fixed Assets		109	92	100	435	435	435	98	109	114	119
Licence and permits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special rating levies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Revenue		783	600	5 376	600	600	600	772	545	637	665
Non-Exchange Revenue											
Property rates	2	7 812	8 244	8 270	12 451	12 451	12 451	12 623	12 451	12 451	12 451
Surcharges and Taxes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences or permits		12	9	12	1 979	1 978	1 978	34	349	365	381
Transfer and subsidies - Operational		146 628	158 412	167 235	181 483	184 586	184 586	174 296	177 024	173 705	181 546
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel Levy		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains on disposal of Assets		(1 836)	(300)	(904)	391	391	391	-	-	-	-
Other Gains		26	467	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Discontinued Operations		702	2	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contrib		161 605	177 966	189 501	207 569	206 672	206 672	191 557	211 102	202 764	211 347
Expenditure											
Employee related costs	2	65 823	71 584	78 495	89 165	89 165	89 165	70 107	99 964	104 562	109 287
Remuneration of councillors		17 196	23 629	22 335	17 598	17 598	17 598	20 841	22 884	23 937	25 014
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory consumed	8	1 289	2 801	4 040	2 989	2 484	2 484	2 938	1 434	1 500	1 632
Debt impairment	3	-	2 635	1 290	2 500	2 500	2 500	-	2 174	2 272	2 372
Depreciation and amortisation		32 592	23 555	26 064	30 810	27 981	27 981	-	26 791	27 997	29 229
Interest		1	0	19	-	26	26	30	-	-	-
Contracted services		28 431	81 067	72 914	32 180	34 094	34 094	49 314	43 386	45 349	47 331
Transfers and subsidies		6 198	7 392	5 751	4 662	4 471	4 471	3 753	2 218	2 320	2 424
Irrecoverable debts written off		545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational costs		27 560	40 248	36 146	26 499	27 881	27 881	27 822	21 402	22 306	22 945
Losses on disposal of Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		179 635	252 911	247 055	206 402	206 200	206 200	174 806	220 253	230 242	240 233
Surplus/(Deficit)		(18 030)	(74 945)	(57 554)	1 167	472	472	16 752	(9 151)	(27 478)	(28 886)
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary)	6	35 861	47 552	43 357	37 565	63 565	63 565	50 905	39 281	42 711	44 575
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Income Tax		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) after income tax		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Joint Venture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Associate	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercompany/Parent subsidiary transactions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	1	17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689

In line with the formats prescribed by the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, capital transfers and contributions are excluded from the operating statement, as inclusion of these revenue sources would distort the calculation of the operating surplus/deficit.

Table 3 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA18 Transfers and grant receipts

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
Operating Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		175 644	205 809	240 687	176 289	176 289	176 289	174 945	172 342	180 119
EPWP Incentive	–	3 191	4 846	6 277	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 428	–	–
Finance Management	–	3 750	5 600	7 450	1 800	1 800	1 800	1 900	2 100	2 200
Integrated National Electrification Programme	–	25 539	40 500	64 006	–	–	–	–	–	–
Local Government Equitable Share	–	143 164	154 863	162 954	171 112	171 112	171 112	169 550	167 994	175 573
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	–	–	–	–	1 977	1 977	1 977	2 067	2 248	2 346
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
Provincial Government:		9 722	9 783	30 518	2 000	–	–	2 079	1 363	1 427
KwaZulu-Natal_Capacity Building and Other_Specif	–	–	–	1 000	2 000	–	–	700	–	–
KwaZulu-Natal_Infrastructure_Specify (Add grant de	–	9 722	9 783	29 518	–	–	–	1 379	1 363	1 427
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
District Municipality:		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
[insert description]										
Other grant providers:		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
[insert description]										
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	185 366	215 592	271 205	178 289	176 289	176 289	177 024	173 705	181 546

Tariff-setting is a pivotal and strategic part of the compilation of any budget. When rates, tariffs and other charges were revised, local economic conditions, input costs and the affordability of services were taken into account to ensure the financial sustainability of the Municipality.

National Treasury continues to encourage municipalities to keep increases in rates, tariffs and other charges as low as possible. Municipalities must justify in their budget documentation all increases in excess of the 6 per cent upper boundary of the South African Reserve Bank's inflation target. Excessive increases are likely to be counterproductive, resulting in higher levels of non-payment.

It must also be appreciated that the consumer price index, as measured by CPI, is not a good measure of the cost increases of goods and services relevant to municipalities. The basket of goods and services utilised for the calculation of the CPI consist of items such as food, petrol and medical services, whereas the cost drivers of a municipality are informed by items such as the cost of remuneration, petrol, diesel, chemicals, cement etc. The current challenge facing the Municipality is managing the gap between cost drivers and tariffs levied, as any shortfall must be made up by either operational efficiency gains or service level reductions. Within this framework the Municipality has undertaken the tariff setting process relating to service charges as follows.

1.4.1 Property Rates

Property rates cover the cost of the provision of general services. Determining the effective property rate tariff is therefore an integral part of the municipality's budgeting process.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No. 51 deals, inter alia with the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act, with the regulations issued by the Department of Co-operative Governance. These regulations came into effect on 1 July 2009 and prescribe the rate ratio for the non-residential categories, public service infrastructure and agricultural properties relative to

residential properties to be 0,25:1. The implementation of these regulations was done in the previous budget process and the Property Rates Policy of the Municipality has been amended accordingly.

The following stipulations in the Property Rates Policy are highlighted:

- The first R15 000 of the market value of a property used for residential purposes is excluded from the rate-able value (Section 17(h) of the MPRA).
- 100 per cent rebate will be granted to registered indigents in terms of the Indigent Policy;
- For pensioners, physically and mentally disabled persons, a maximum/total rebate of 50 per cent (calculated on a sliding scale) will be granted to owners of rate-able property if the total gross income of the applicant and/or his/her spouse, if any, does not exceed the amount equal to twice the annual state pension as approved by the National Government for a financial year. In this regard the following stipulations are relevant:
 - The rate-able property concerned must be occupied only by the applicant and his/her spouse, if any, and by dependants without income;
 - The applicant must submit proof of his/her age and identity and, in the case of a physically or mentally handicapped person, proof of certification by a Medical Officer of Health, also proof of the annual income from a social pension;
 - The applicant's account must be paid in full, or if not, an arrangement to pay the debt should be in place; and
 - The property must be categorized as residential.
- The Municipality may award a 100 per cent grant-in-aid on the assessment rates of rate-able properties of certain classes such as registered welfare organizations, institutions or organizations performing charitable work, sports grounds used for purposes of amateur sport.

The categories of rate-able properties for purposes of levying rates and the proposed rates for the 2025/26 financial:

Table 4 Comparison of proposed rates to levied for the 2025/26 financial year

3	RATES	2025/26	2024/25
3.1	Place of worship	0.0025	0.0025
3.2	Agricultural-small holding	0.0025	0.0025
3.3	Agricultural	0.0025	0.0025
3.4	Business/Commercial/Industrial/Mining	0.01	0.01

3.5	Public service property /State owned / Vacant land	0.01	0.01
3.6	Communal land/Communal property association	0.0025	0.0025
3.7	Public service infrastructure	0.0025	0.0025
3.8	Residential	0.01	0.01
3.9	Public benefit organisation	0.0025	0.0025

1.4.2 Overall impact of tariff on households

Note that in all instances the overall impact of the implementation of the new valuation roll on household's bills has been minimised by maintaining our rate randages as advised by COGTA.

1.5 Operating Expenditure Framework

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2025/26 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- The asset renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan;
- Balanced budget (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;
- The capital programme is aligned to the asset renewal strategy and backlog eradication plan;
- Operational gains and efficiencies will be directed to funding the capital budget and other local government core services; and
- Strict adherence to the principle of *no project plan no budget*. If there is no business plan no funding allocation can be made.

The following table is a high level summary of the 2025/26 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

Table 5 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Expenditure											
Employee related costs	2	65 823	71 584	78 495	89 165	89 165	89 165	70 107	99 964	104 562	109 287
Remuneration of councillors		17 196	23 629	22 335	17 598	17 598	17 598	20 841	22 884	23 937	25 014
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory consumed	8	1 289	2 801	4 040	2 989	2 484	2 484	2 938	1 434	1 500	1 632
Debt impairment	3	-	2 635	1 290	2 500	2 500	2 500	-	2 174	2 272	2 372
Depreciation and amortisation		32 592	23 555	26 064	30 810	27 981	27 981	-	26 791	27 987	29 229
Interest		1	0	19	-	26	26	30	-	-	-
Contracted services		28 431	81 067	72 914	32 180	34 094	34 094	49 314	43 386	45 349	47 331
Transfers and subsidies		6 198	7 392	5 751	4 662	4 471	4 471	3 753	2 218	2 320	2 424
Irrecoverable debts written off		545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational costs		27 560	40 248	36 146	26 499	27 881	27 881	27 822	21 402	22 306	22 945
Losses on disposal of Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		179 635	252 911	247 055	206 402	206 200	206 200	174 806	220 253	230 242	240 233

The budgeted allocation for employee related costs for the 2025/26 financial year totals R112.5 million, which equals 49.86 per cent of the total operating expenditure. Based on the three year collective SALGBC agreement, salary increases have been factored into this. As part of the Municipality's cost reprioritization and cash management strategy vacancies have been significantly rationalized.

The cost associated with the remuneration of councillors is determined by the Minister of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (Act 20 of 1998). The most recent proclamation in this regard has been taken into account in compiling the Municipality's budget.

The provision of debt impairment was determined based on an annual collection rate of 95 per cent and the Debt Write-off Policy of the Municipality. .

Provision for depreciation and asset impairment has been informed by the Municipality's Asset Management Policy. Depreciation is widely considered a proxy for the measurement of the rate asset consumption. Budget appropriations in this regard total R30.8 million for the 2025/26 financial and equates to 13.65 per cent of the total operating expenditure.

Contracted services has been identified as a cost saving area for the Municipality. As part of the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF this group of expenditure was critically evaluated and operational efficiencies were enforced, security contract is a case in point.

Other expenditure comprises of various line items relating to the daily operations of the municipality. This group of expenditure has also been identified as an area in which cost savings and efficiencies can be achieved.

The following table gives a breakdown of the main expenditure categories for the 2025/26 financial year.

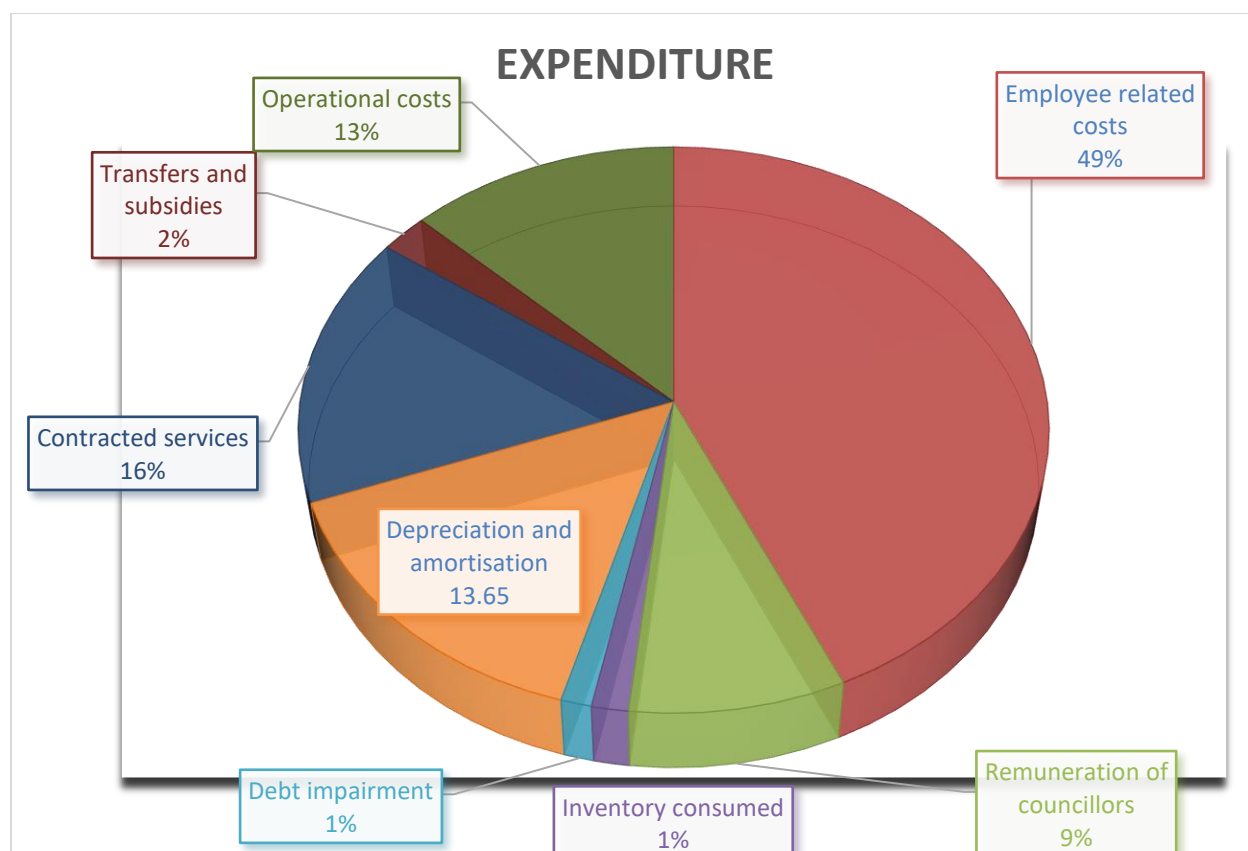


Figure 1 Main operational expenditure categories for the 2025/26 financial year

1.5.1 Priority given to repairs and maintenance

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the Municipality's current infrastructure, the 2025/26 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance, as informed by the asset renewal strategy and repairs and maintenance plan of the Municipality. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services. Considering these cost drivers, the following table is a consolidation of all the expenditures associated with repairs and maintenance:

Table 6 Operational repairs and maintenance

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28

Repairs and Maintenance by Expenditure Item	8									
Employee related costs		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Inventory Consumed (Project Maintenance)		7 645	35 440	10 195	6 000	7 018	7 018	—	6 039	6 317
Contracted Services		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Expenditure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	9	7 645	35 440	10 195	6 000	7 018	7 018	—	6 039	6 317

During the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF operational repairs and maintenance was identified as a strategic imperative owing to the aging of the Municipality's infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance.

The table below provides a breakdown of the repairs and maintenance in relation to asset class:

Table 7 Repairs and maintenance per asset class

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA34c Repairs and maintenance expenditure by asset class

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class/Sub-class										
Infrastructure		4 345	29 285	6 211	1 304	2 366	2 366	2 609	2 729	2 849
Roads Infrastructure		4 345	29 285	6 211	1 304	2 366	2 366	2 609	2 729	2 849
Roads		4 345	29 285	6 211	1 304	2 366	2 366	2 609	2 729	2 849
Community Assets		756	469	722	261	174	174	519	543	567
Community Facilities		756	469	722	261	174	174	519	543	567
Halls		756	469	722	261	174	174	519	543	567
Other assets		395	1 726	513	783	1 348	1 348	1 129	1 181	1 234
Operational Buildings		395	1 726	513	783	1 348	1 348	1 129	1 181	1 234
Municipal Offices		395	1 690	488	783	1 348	1 348	870	910	950
Capital Spares		—	35	25	—	—	—	260	272	284
Computer Equipment		4	3	1	43	43	43	43	45	48
Computer Equipment		4	3	1	43	43	43	43	45	48
Furniture and Office Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Furniture and Office Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machinery and Equipment		1 607	2 942	1 825	2 522	2 000	2 000	1 086	1 136	1 187
Machinery and Equipment		1 607	2 942	1 825	2 522	2 000	2 000	1 086	1 136	1 187
Transport Assets		538	1 016	922	1 087	1 087	1 087	652	682	713
Transport Assets		538	1 016	922	1 087	1 087	1 087	652	682	713

<i>R&M as a % of PPE & Investment Property</i>	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>R&M as % Operating Expenditure</i>	4.3%	14.0%	4.1%	2.9%	3.4%	3.4%	3.5%	2.9%	2.9%

1.5.2 Free Basic Services: Basic Social Services Package

The social package assists households that are poor or face other circumstances that limit their ability to pay for services. To receive these free services the households are required to register in terms of the Municipality's Indigent Policy.

The cost of the social package of the registered indigent households is largely financed by national government through the local government equitable share received in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act.

1.6 Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A5 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, functional classification and funding

[illegible]

Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		389	1 403	510	104	104	104	7 209	104	109	113
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		68 157	(13 614)	64 827	21 085	17 421	17 421	546 645	4 852	5 212	5 445
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		-	-	11 516	19 217	22 803	22 803	18 717	25 409	30 097	31 462
Vote 4 - Road Transport		4 499	29 294	(9 377)	18 752	39 861	39 861	107 212	20 154	24 243	25 310
Vote 5 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Sport and Recreation		10 622	(10 564)	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-
Vote 7 - Community and Social Services		(18 780)	(24 665)	(19 204)	1 739	1 378	1 378	65	826	864	902
Vote 8 - Community and Social Services2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 9 - Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 10 - Other		-	-	-	870	609	609	-	-	-	-
Vote 11 - Public Safety		-	-	-	1 217	913	913	-	870	910	950
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	174	187	187	-	174	182	190
Vote 13 - Energy Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 14 - Environmental Protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	679 905	52 389	61 617	64 372
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	679 905	52 389	61 617	64 372
Capital Expenditure - Functional											
Governance and administration		68 546	(12 211)	65 337	21 189	17 526	17 526	21 456	4 956	5 321	5 559
Executive and council		389	1 403	510	104	104	104	7	104	109	113
Finance and administration		68 157	(13 614)	64 827	21 085	17 421	17 421	21 450	4 852	5 212	5 445
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and public safety		(8 158)	(35 229)	(19 204)	2 957	2 291	2 291	635	1 696	1 774	1 852
Community and social services		(18 780)	(24 665)	(19 204)	1 739	1 378	1 378	635	826	864	902
Sport and recreation		10 622	(10 564)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	1 217	913	913	-	870	910	950
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		4 499	29 294	2 139	37 969	62 664	62 664	60 652	45 563	54 341	56 772
Planning and development		-	-	11 516	19 217	22 803	22 803	27 475	25 409	30 097	31 462
Road transport		4 499	29 294	(9 377)	18 752	39 861	39 861	33 177	20 154	24 243	25 310
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		-	-	-	174	187	187	94	174	182	190
Energy sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management		-	-	-	174	187	187	94	174	182	190
Other		-	-	-	870	609	609	700	-	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	83 537	52 389	61 617	64 372
Funded by:											
National Government		5 310	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Provincial Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality		(707)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (Nat / Prov Departm Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public Corporations, Higher Educ Institutions)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers recognised - capital	4	4 602	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Borrowing	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internally generated funds		60 286	(12 598)	51 654	30 494	30 003	30 003	32 726	18 043	20 303	21 240
Total Capital Funding	7	64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	83 537	52 389	61 617	64 372

1.7 Annual Budget Tables

The following eighteen pages present the ten main budget tables as required in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations. These tables set out the municipality's 2025/26 budget and MTREF as approved by the Council. Each table is accompanied by *explanatory notes* on the facing page.

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

1. Table A1 is a budget summary and provides a concise overview of the Municipality's budget from all of the major financial perspectives (operating, capital expenditure, financial position, cash flow, and MFMA funding compliance).
2. The table provides an overview of the amounts approved by Council for operating performance, resources deployed to capital expenditure, financial position, cash and funding compliance, as well as the municipality's commitment to eliminating basic service delivery backlogs.
3. Financial management reforms emphasises the importance of the municipal budget being funded. This requires the simultaneous assessment of the Financial Performance, Financial Position and Cash Flow Budgets, along with the Capital Budget. The Budget Summary provides the key information in this regard:
 - a. The operating surplus/deficit (after Total Expenditure) is positive over the MTREF
 - b. Capital expenditure is balanced by capital funding sources, of which
 - i. Transfers recognised is reflected on the Financial Performance Budget;
 - ii. Borrowing is incorporated in the net cash from financing on the Cash Flow Budget
 - iii. Internally generated funds is financed from a combination of the current operating surplus and accumulated cash-backed surpluses from previous years. The amount is incorporated in the Net cash from investing on the Cash Flow Budget. The fact that the municipality's cash flow remains positive, and is improving indicates that the necessary cash resources are available to fund the Capital Budget.
4. The Cash backing/surplus reconciliation shows that in previous financial years the municipality was not paying much attention to managing this aspect of its finances, and consequently many of its obligations are not cash-backed. This places the municipality in a very vulnerable financial position, as the recent slow-down in revenue collections highlighted. Consequently Council has taken a deliberate decision to ensure adequate cash-backing for all material obligations in accordance with the adopted Funding and Reserves Policy. This cannot be achieved in one financial year. But over the MTREF there is progressive improvement in the level of cash-backing of obligations. It is anticipated that the goal of having all obligations cash-back will be achieved by 2026/27, when a small surplus is reflected.
5. Even though the Council is placing great emphasis on securing the financial sustainability of the municipality, this is not being done at the expense of services to the poor. The section of Free Services shows that the amount spent on Free Basic Services and the revenue cost of free services provided by the municipality continues to increase.

Table 9 MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification)

Functional Classification Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand	1									
Revenue - Functional										
<i>Governance and administration</i>		159 952	175 785	181 816	166 504	163 507	163 507	160 103	158 252	164 824
Executive and council		-	-	-	14 115	14 115	14 115	13 943	13 815	14 438
Finance and administration		159 952	175 785	181 816	152 390	149 393	149 393	146 160	144 437	150 386
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Community and public safety</i>		-	-	-	9 788	9 788	9 788	6 814	6 766	7 074
Community and social services		-	-	-	7 832	7 832	7 832	6 488	6 425	6 717
Sport and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	1 956	1 956	1 956	326	341	356
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Economic and environmental services</i>		37 489	49 265	50 955	68 841	94 841	94 841	68 990	71 456	74 618
Planning and development		1 628	1 713	7 598	7 911	7 911	7 911	6 557	5 806	6 068
Road transport		35 861	47 552	43 357	60 930	86 930	86 930	62 433	65 651	68 550
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Trading services</i>		-	-	-	-	2 100	2 100	14 475	9 000	9 407
Energy sources		-	-	-	-	2 100	2 100	14 475	9 000	9 407
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Other</i>	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue - Functional	2	197 441	225 050	232 771	245 134	270 237	270 237	250 382	245 475	255 922
Expenditure - Functional										
<i>Governance and administration</i>		110 796	145 078	148 642	138 348	135 472	135 472	143 955	150 457	156 817
Executive and council		36 631	51 943	50 364	40 739	39 677	39 677	43 572	45 489	47 480
Finance and administration		72 782	91 967	96 736	94 827	93 347	93 347	97 501	101 952	106 188
Internal audit		1 383	1 167	1 542	2 782	2 448	2 448	2 882	3 015	3 149
<i>Community and public safety</i>		34 576	26 198	33 068	30 772	30 658	30 658	26 255	27 463	28 756
Community and social services		25 293	13 812	16 451	10 760	10 746	10 746	7 663	8 015	8 435
Sport and recreation		487	786	313	174	261	261	173	181	189
Public safety		7 781	10 619	15 330	18 839	18 660	18 660	17 234	18 026	18 836
Housing		1 015	981	974	999	991	991	1 185	1 240	1 296
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Economic and environmental services</i>		29 005	69 438	58 971	30 371	29 298	29 298	33 168	34 694	36 253
Planning and development		12 670	27 512	40 677	16 598	14 954	14 954	12 739	13 325	13 928
Road transport		16 037	41 926	17 509	12 026	12 673	12 673	12 375	12 944	13 523
Environmental protection		298	-	785	1 748	1 670	1 670	8 054	8 424	8 801
<i>Trading services</i>		5 513	12 510	6 572	7 000	10 900	10 900	16 875	17 629	18 407
Energy sources		3 317	9 426	3 405	3 773	7 306	7 306	14 326	14 962	15 621
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management		2 197	3 084	3 167	3 226	3 593	3 593	2 549	2 666	2 786
<i>Other</i>	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	179 890	253 222	247 253	206 492	206 327	206 327	220 253	230 242	240 233
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		17 550	(28 172)	(14 482)	38 642	63 910	63 910	30 130	15 233	15 689

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

1. Table A2 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to revenue and expenditure per standard classification. The modified GFS standard classification divides the municipal services into 15 functional areas. Municipal revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure are then classified in terms of each of these functional areas which enables the National Treasury to compile 'whole of government' reports.
2. Note the Total Revenue on this table includes capital revenues (Transfers recognised – capital) and so does not balance to the operating revenue shown on Table A4.
3. Other functions that show a deficit between revenue and expenditure are being financed from rates revenues and other revenue sources reflected under the Corporate Services.

Table 10 MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Vote Description R thousand	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		—	—	—	14 115	14 115	14 115	13 943	13 815	14 438
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		159 952	175 785	181 816	152 390	149 393	149 393	146 160	144 437	150 386
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		1 628	1 713	7 598	7 911	7 911	7 911	6 557	5 806	6 068
Vote 4 - Road Transport		35 861	47 552	43 357	60 930	86 930	86 930	62 433	65 651	68 550
Vote 5 - Internal Audit		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 6 - Sport and Recreation		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 7 - Community and Social Services		—	—	—	7 832	7 832	7 832	6 488	6 425	6 717
Vote 8 - Community and Social Services2		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 9 - Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 10 - Other		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 11 - Public Safety		—	—	—	1 956	1 956	1 956	326	341	356
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 13 - Energy Sources		—	—	—	—	2 100	2 100	14 475	9 000	9 407
Vote 14 - Environmental Protection		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Revenue by Vote	2	197 441	225 050	232 771	245 134	270 237	270 237	250 382	245 475	255 922
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		36 631	51 943	50 364	40 739	39 677	39 677	43 572	45 489	47 480
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		72 782	91 967	96 736	94 827	93 347	93 347	97 501	101 952	106 188
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		12 670	27 512	40 677	16 598	14 954	14 954	12 739	13 325	13 928
Vote 4 - Road Transport		16 037	41 926	17 509	12 026	12 673	12 673	12 375	12 944	13 523
Vote 5 - Internal Audit		1 383	1 167	1 542	2 782	2 448	2 448	2 882	3 015	3 149
Vote 6 - Sport and Recreation		487	786	313	174	261	261	173	181	189
Vote 7 - Community and Social Services		19 319	4 944	7 035	4 313	3 096	3 096	3 783	3 957	4 132
Vote 8 - Community and Social Services2		5 974	8 868	9 416	6 447	7 649	7 649	3 880	4 058	4 302
Vote 9 - Housing		1 015	981	974	999	991	991	1 185	1 240	1 296
Vote 10 - Other		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vote 11 - Public Safety		7 781	10 619	15 330	18 839	18 660	18 660	17 234	18 026	18 836
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		2 197	3 084	3 167	3 226	3 593	3 593	2 549	2 666	2 786
Vote 13 - Energy Sources		3 317	9 426	3 405	3 773	7 306	7 306	14 326	14 962	15 621
Vote 14 - Environmental Protection		298	—	785	1 748	1 670	1 670	8 054	8 424	8 801
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	179 890	253 222	247 253	206 492	206 327	206 327	220 253	230 242	240 233
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	17 550	(28 172)	(14 482)	38 642	63 910	63 910	30 130	15 233	15 689

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

- Table A3 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to the revenue and expenditure per municipal vote. This table facilitates the view of the budgeted operating performance in relation to the organisational structure of the **Municipality**. This means it is possible to present the operating surplus or deficit of a vote.

Table 11 MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Revenue											
Exchange Revenue											
Service charges - Electricity	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Water	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Waste Water Management	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - Waste Management	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services		106	110	117	230	231	231	12	14 624	9 222	9 639
Agency services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned from Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned from Current and Non Current Assets		7 264	10 325	9 197	10 000	6 000	6 000	3 724	6 000	6 270	6 546
Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent on Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rental from Fixed Assets		109	92	100	435	435	435	98	109	114	119
Licence and permits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special rating levies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Revenue		783	605	5 376	600	600	600	772	545	637	665
Non-Exchange Revenue											
Property rates	2	7 812	8 244	8 270	12 451	12 451	12 451	12 623	12 451	12 451	12 451
Surcharges and Taxes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences or permits		12	9	12	1 979	1 978	1 978	34	349	365	381
Transfer and subsidies - Operational		146 628	158 412	167 235	181 483	184 586	184 586	174 296	177 024	173 705	181 546
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel Levy		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains on disposal of Assets		(1 836)	(300)	(904)	391	391	391	-	-	-	-
Other Gains		26	467	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Discontinued Operations		702	2	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contri		161 605	177 966	189 501	207 569	206 672	206 672	191 557	211 102	202 764	211 347
Expenditure											
Employee related costs	2	65 823	71 584	78 495	89 165	89 165	89 165	70 107	99 964	104 562	109 287
Remuneration of councillors		17 196	23 629	22 335	17 598	17 598	17 598	20 841	22 884	23 937	25 014
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory consumed	8	1 289	2 801	4 040	2 989	2 484	2 484	2 938	1 434	1 500	1 632
Debt impairment	3	-	2 635	1 290	2 500	2 500	2 500	-	2 174	2 272	2 372
Depreciation and amortisation		32 592	23 555	26 064	30 810	27 981	27 981	-	26 791	27 997	29 229
Interest		1	0	19	-	26	26	30	-	-	-
Contracted services		28 431	81 067	72 914	32 180	34 094	34 094	49 314	43 386	45 349	47 331
Transfers and subsidies		6 198	7 392	5 751	4 662	4 471	4 471	3 753	2 218	2 320	2 424
Irrecoverable debts written off		545	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational costs		27 560	40 248	36 146	26 499	27 881	27 881	27 822	21 402	22 306	22 945
Losses on disposal of Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		179 635	252 911	247 055	206 402	206 200	206 200	174 806	220 253	230 242	240 233
Surplus/(Deficit)		(18 030)	(74 945)	(57 554)	1 167	472	472	16 752	(9 151)	(27 478)	(28 886)
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary)	6	35 861	47 552	43 357	37 565	63 565	63 565	50 905	39 281	42 711	44 575
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Income Tax		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) after income tax		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Joint Venture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Associate	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercompany/Parent subsidiary transactions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	1	17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689

Table 12 MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source**KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A5 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, functional classification and funding**

Vote Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Capital expenditure - Vote											
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 - Road Transport		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 5 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Sport and Recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 7 - Community and Social Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 8 - Community and Social Services2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 9 - Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 10 - Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 11 - Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 13 - Energy Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 14 - Environmental Protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		389	1 403	510	104	104	104	7 209	104	109	113
Vote 2 - Finance and Administration		68 157	(13 614)	64 827	21 085	17 421	17 421	546 645	4 852	5 212	5 445
Vote 3 - Planning and Development		-	-	11 516	19 217	22 803	22 803	18 717	25 409	30 097	31 462
Vote 4 - Road Transport		4 499	29 294	(9 377)	18 752	39 861	39 861	107 212	20 154	24 243	25 310
Vote 5 - Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Sport and Recreation		10 622	(10 564)	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-
Vote 7 - Community and Social Services		(18 780)	(24 665)	(19 204)	1 739	1 378	1 378	65	826	864	902
Vote 8 - Community and Social Services2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 9 - Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 10 - Other		-	-	-	870	609	609	-	-	-	-
Vote 11 - Public Safety		-	-	-	1 217	913	913	-	870	910	950
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	174	187	187	-	174	182	190
Vote 13 - Energy Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 14 - Environmental Protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	679 905	52 389	61 617	64 372
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	679 905	52 389	61 617	64 372
Capital Expenditure - Functional											
Governance and administration		68 546	(12 211)	65 337	21 189	17 526	17 526	21 456	4 956	5 321	5 559
Executive and council		389	1 403	510	104	104	104	7	104	109	113
Finance and administration		68 157	(13 614)	64 827	21 085	17 421	17 421	21 450	4 852	5 212	5 445
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and public safety		(8 158)	(35 229)	(19 204)	2 957	2 291	2 291	635	1 696	1 774	1 852
Community and social services		(18 780)	(24 665)	(19 204)	1 739	1 378	1 378	635	826	864	902
Sport and recreation		10 622	(10 564)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	1 217	913	913	-	870	910	950
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		4 499	29 294	2 139	37 969	62 664	62 664	60 652	45 563	54 341	56 772
Planning and development		-	-	11 516	19 217	22 803	22 803	27 475	25 409	30 097	31 462
Road transport		4 499	29 294	(9 377)	18 752	39 861	39 861	33 177	20 154	24 243	25 310
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		-	-	-	174	187	187	94	174	182	190
Energy sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management		-	-	-	174	187	187	94	174	182	190
Other		-	-	-	870	609	609	700	-	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	83 537	52 389	61 617	64 372
Funded by:											
National Government		5 310	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Provincial Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality		(707)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (Nat / Prov Departm Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public Corporations, Higher Educ Institutions)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers recognised - capital	4	4 602	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Borrowing	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internally generated funds		60 285	(12 598)	51 654	30 494	30 003	30 003	32 726	18 043	20 303	21 240
Total Capital Funding	7	64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	83 537	52 389	61 617	64 372

Table 13 MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A6 Budgeted Financial Position											
Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand											
ASSETS											
Current assets											
Cash and cash equivalents		193 501	99 691	46 288	36 422	17 457	17 457	31 832	(9 686)	(35 933)	(37 435)
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	1	2 639	1 891	1 264	–	–	–	(4 723)	105	–	–
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	1	18 794	20 128	22 252	26 003	26 003	26 003	34 633	4 656	2 708	2 609
Current portion of non-current receivables		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Inventory	2	–	–	(1)	–	(2 484)	(2 484)	2 041	30 852	13 517	621
VAT		(1 500)	(659)	2 448	1 350	21 835	21 835	2 422	18 856	18 107	18 856
Other current assets		–	–	–	2 379	2 379	2 379	202	–	–	–
Total current assets		213 435	121 051	72 291	66 154	65 190	65 190	66 608	44 783	(1 601)	(15 351)
Non-current assets											
Investments		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Investment property		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Property, plant and equipment	3	536 404	599 865	644 836	686 598	709 023	709 023	728 373	78 716	33 493	35 011
Biological assets		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Living and non-living resources		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Heritage assets		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Intangible assets		239	159	138	272	793	793	138	132	126	132
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Non-current receivables from non-exchange transactions		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other non-current assets		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total non-current assets		536 643	600 024	644 973	686 869	709 816	709 816	728 510	78 849	33 620	35 143
TOTAL ASSETS		750 078	721 074	717 264	753 023	775 006	775 006	795 118	123 632	32 019	19 793
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities											
Bank overdraft		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Financial liabilities		77	89	99	–	–	–	99	8	–	–
Consumer deposits		46	58	72	58	58	58	96	6	–	–
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	4	32 758	27 626	29 002	31 931	29 098	29 098	19 954	2 420	218	231
Trade and other payables from non-exchange transactions	5	2 070	2 048	8 168	2 435	1 722	1 722	27 190	681	–	–
Provision		7 635	7 271	7 893	7 494	7 494	7 494	7 893	668	–	–
VAT		(2 009)	(1 972)	(1 930)	487	487	487	(1 902)	2 183	1 551	1 621
Other current liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total current liabilities		40 576	35 121	43 395	42 405	38 858	38 858	53 320	5 956	1 769	1 851
Non-current liabilities											
Financial liabilities	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Provision	7	2 345	2 214	2 480	1 991	1 991	1 991	2 480	207	–	–
Long term portion of trade payables		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other non-current liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total non-current liabilities		2 345	2 214	2 480	1 991	1 991	1 991	2 480	207	–	–
TOTAL LIABILITIES		42 921	37 335	45 785	44 396	40 849	40 849	55 800	6 162	1 769	1 851
NET ASSETS		707 157	683 739	671 479	708 628	734 157	734 157	739 318	117 470	30 250	17 942
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY											
Accumulated surplus/(deficit)	8	678 196	654 834	642 421	708 978	734 284	734 284	710 168	115 035	30 250	17 942
Reserves and funds	9	29 216	29 216	29 216	–	–	–	29 216	2 435	–	–
Other		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	10	707 413	684 051	671 637	708 978	734 284	734 284	739 384	117 470	30 250	17 942

Table 14 MBRR Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement**KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows**

RNZ13 Unaudited - Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows											
Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand											
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Property rates		–	–	–	7 470	7 470	7 470	–	7 470	7 470	7 470
Service charges		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other revenue		–	–	–	3 731	3 731	3 731	–	17 971	11 889	12 425
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	1	193 260	99 207	45 402	189 315	184 586	184 586	27 731	177 024	173 705	181 546
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	–	–	–	42 465	63 565	63 565	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Interest		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 000	6 270	6 546
Dividends		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		680 398	(931 945)	(1 169 709)	(241 875)	(272 665)	(272 665)	(188 217)	(195 919)	(204 800)	(213 549)
Interest		–	–	–	–	(26)	(26)	–	–	–	–
Transfers and Subsidies	1	–	–	–	(2 227)	(2 749)	(2 749)	–	(2 218)	(2 320)	(2 424)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(1 122)	(16 088)	(16 088)	(160 486)	49 610	34 926	36 590
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		–	–	–	391	391	391	–	–	–	–
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Capital assets		–	–	–	(75 441)	(95 768)	(95 768)	–	(60 247)	(70 859)	(74 025)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		–	–	–	(75 050)	(95 377)	(95 377)	–	(60 247)	(70 859)	(74 025)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Short term loans		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Borrowing long term/refinancing		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Repayment of borrowing		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(76 172)	(111 465)	(111 465)	(160 486)	(10 637)	(35 933)	(37 435)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	–	–	–	27 153	27 153	27 153	11 407	951	(9 686)	(45 619)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2	873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(49 019)	(84 312)	(84 312)	(149 079)	(9 686)	(45 619)	(83 055)

Table 15 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation**KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A8 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation**

RZNTV's Unimzulu - Table A0 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation											
Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand											
Cash and investments available											
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(49 019)	(84 312)	(84 312)	(149 079)	(9 686)	(45 619)	(83 055)
Other current investments > 90 days		(680 157)	932 429	1 170 595	85 441	101 768	101 768	180 911	–	9 686	45 619
Non current Investments	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cash and investments available:		193 501	99 691	46 288	36 422	17 457	17 457	31 832	(9 686)	(35 933)	(37 435)
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		2 070	2 048	8 168	–	–	–	27 190	681	–	–
Unspent borrowing		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Statutory requirements	2	(522)	(1 312)	(4 378)	(10 799)	(31 284)	(31 284)	(4 324)	(24 807)	(25 064)	(26 128)
Other working capital requirements	3	32 758	27 626	29 002	28 674	25 840	25 840	19 954	(1 911)	(2 094)	(2 012)
Other provisions		7 635	7 271	7 893	7 494	7 494	7 494	7 893	658	–	–
Long term investments committed	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5	(29 216)	(29 216)	(29 216)	–	–	–	(29 216)	(2 435)	–	–
Total Application of cash and investments:		12 724	6 418	11 469	25 370	2 050	2 050	21 496	(27 814)	(27 158)	(28 140)
Surplus(shortfall) - Excluding Non-Current Creditors Trf to Debt Relief		180 777	93 273	34 818	11 052	15 406	15 406	10 336	18 128	(8 775)	(9 295)
Creditors transferred to Debt Relief - Non-Current portion		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Surplus(shortfall) - Including Non-Current Creditors Trf to Debt Relief		180 777	93 273	34 818	11 052	15 406	15 406	10 336	18 128	(8 775)	(9 295)

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A9 Asset Management

Description	Ref	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Current Year 2023/24			2024/25 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2024/25	Budget Year +1 2025/26	Budget Year +2 2026/27
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE										
Total New Assets	1	461 672	533 658	545 619	52 899	52 817	52 817	43 189	41 964	34 300
<i>Roads Infrastructure</i>		349 768	415 502	447 685	5 734	5 734	5 734	-	-	-
<i>Storm water Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Electrical Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	4 087	4 087	1 739	-	-
<i>Water Supply Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sanitation Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Solid Waste Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	2 609	-	-	-	-	1 208
<i>Rail Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Coastal Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	1 217	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Information and Communication Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure		349 768	415 502	447 685	9 560	9 821	9 821	1 739	-	1 208
Community Facilities		6 043	5 197	19 204	6 904	2 217	2 217	-	870	8 674
Sport and Recreation Facilities		38 737	38 737	65	16 528	15 467	15 467	17 478	26 826	9 217
Community Assets		44 779	43 934	19 269	23 432	17 684	17 684	17 478	27 696	17 892
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		20 450	29 500	31 397	9 217	20 167	20 167	14 216	13 522	14 939
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets		20 450	29 500	31 397	9 217	20 167	20 167	14 216	13 522	14 939
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences and Rights		1 765	1 754	1 754	652	652	652	261	-	-
Intangible Assets		1 765	1 754	1 754	652	652	652	261	-	-
Computer Equipment		-	-	-	522	522	522	522	-	-
Furniture and Office Equipment		4 906	5 295	6 699	957	1 152	1 152	626	174	-
Machinery and Equipment		20 370	20 076	21 820	3 777	2 820	2 820	2 217	572	261
Transport Assets		19 633	17 596	16 995	1 739	-	-	4 391	-	-
Land		-	-	-	3 043	-	-	1 739	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Mature</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Immature</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Living Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	19 968	1 468	3 832	25 711	25 733	25 733	9 596	7 548	15 217
<i>Roads Infrastructure</i>		707	147	1 995	24 104	23 235	23 235	8 987	7 548	10 870
<i>Storm water Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Electrical Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Water Supply Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Sanitation Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Solid Waste Infrastructure</i>		223	217	374	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Rail Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Coastal Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Information and Communication Infrastructure</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure		931	365	2 369	24 104	23 235	23 235	8 987	7 548	10 870
Community Facilities		17 934	-	-	1 130	1 280	1 280	609	-	4 348
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Assets		17 934	-	-	1 130	1 280	1 280	609	-	4 348
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		1 103	1 103	1 463	476	1 217	1 217	-	-	-
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets		1 103	1 103	1 463	476	1 217	1 217	-	-	-
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences and Rights		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery and Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Mature</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Immature</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Living Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Total Upgrading of Existing Assets	6	103 252	114 654	82 182	15 441	11 337	11 337	10 635	4 087	6 217
Roads Infrastructure		101 230	104 032	82 125	12 484	10 363	10 363	9 765	3 478	5 652
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rail Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coastal Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure		101 230	104 032	82 125	12 484	10 363	10 363	9 765	3 478	5 652
Community Facilities		-	-	-	1 304	391	391	870	-	130
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	10 622	57	783	583	583	-	609	435
Community Assets		-	10 622	57	2 087	974	974	870	609	565
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		2 022	-	-	870	-	-	-	-	-
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets		2 022	-	-	870	-	-	-	-	-
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences and Rights		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery and Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mature		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Immature		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Living Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure	4	584 892	649 780	631 633	94 051	89 887	89 887	63 420	53 599	55 735
Roads Infrastructure		451 706	519 681	531 805	42 322	39 332	39 332	18 752	11 027	16 522
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	4 087	4 087	1 739	-	-
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Infrastructure		223	217	374	2 609	-	-	-	-	1 208
Rail Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coastal Infrastructure		-	-	-	1 217	-	-	-	-	-
Information and Communication Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure		451 929	519 899	532 179	46 148	43 419	43 419	20 491	11 027	17 730
Community Facilities		23 976	5 197	19 204	9 338	3 889	3 889	1 478	870	13 153
Sport and Recreation Facilities		38 737	49 359	122	17 311	16 049	16 049	17 478	27 435	9 652
Community Assets		62 713	54 556	19 327	26 649	19 938	19 938	18 957	28 304	22 805
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		23 574	30 603	32 859	10 563	21 385	21 385	14 216	13 522	14 939
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets		23 574	30 603	32 859	10 563	21 385	21 385	14 216	13 522	14 939
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licences and Rights		1 765	1 754	1 754	652	652	652	261	-	-
Intangible Assets		1 765	1 754	1 754	652	652	652	261	-	-
Computer Equipment		-	-	-	522	522	522	522	-	-
Furniture and Office Equipment		4 906	5 295	6 699	957	1 152	1 152	626	174	-
Machinery and Equipment		20 370	20 076	21 820	3 777	2 820	2 820	2 217	572	261
Transport Assets		19 633	17 596	16 995	1 739	-	-	4 391	-	-
Land		-	-	-	3 043	-	-	1 739	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mature		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Immature		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Living Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE - Asset class		584 892	649 780	631 633	94 051	89 887	89 887	63 420	53 599	55 735

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand										
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE										
Total New Assets	1	533 658	545 619	587 182	42 929	62 994	62 994	33 887	39 443	41 223
Roads Infrastructure		415 502	447 685	476 491	—	20 609	20 609	3 565	4 069	4 267
Storm water Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electrical Infrastructure		—	—	—	1 739	1 739	1 739	1 304	1 363	1 441
Water Supply Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitation Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solid Waste Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rail Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coastal Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Information and Communication Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infrastructure		415 502	447 685	476 491	1 739	22 348	22 348	4 870	5 432	5 708
Community Facilities		5 197	19 204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sport and Recreation Facilities		38 737	65	11 581	17 478	19 021	19 021	22 496	27 053	28 244
Community Assets		43 934	19 269	11 581	17 478	19 021	19 021	22 496	27 053	28 244
Heritage Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment properties		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operational Buildings		29 500	31 397	52 945	14 216	13 781	13 781	870	1 046	1 092
Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Assets		29 500	31 397	52 945	14 216	13 781	13 781	870	1 046	1 092
Biological or Cultivated Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Servitudes		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Licences and Rights		1 754	1 754	1 530	—	522	522	216	226	237
Intangible Assets		1 754	1 754	1 530	—	522	522	216	226	237
Computer Equipment		—	—	—	522	522	522	519	543	568
Furniture and Office Equipment		5 295	6 699	7 209	626	875	875	408	427	446
Machinery and Equipment		20 076	21 820	21 119	2 217	4 186	4 186	4 508	4 715	4 929
Transport Assets		17 596	16 995	16 307	4 391	—	—	—	—	—
Land		—	—	—	1 739	1 739	1 739	—	—	—
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Immature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Living Resources		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	1 468	3 832	21 382	9 596	12 870	12 870	12 763	15 339	16 013
Roads Infrastructure		147	1 995	19 520	8 987	11 840	11 840	12 676	15 248	15 918
Storm water Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electrical Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Supply Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitation Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solid Waste Infrastructure		217	374	399	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rail Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coastal Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Information and Communication Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infrastructure		365	2 369	19 919	8 987	11 840	11 840	12 676	15 248	15 918
Community Facilities		—	—	—	609	1 030	1 030	87		

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand										
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE										
Total New Assets	1	533 658	545 619	587 182	42 929	62 994	62 994	33 887	39 443	41 223
Roads Infrastructure		415 502	447 685	476 491	—	20 609	20 609	3 565	4 069	4 267
Storm water Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electrical Infrastructure		—	—	—	1 739	1 739	1 739	1 304	1 363	1 441
Water Supply Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitation Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solid Waste Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rail Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coastal Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Information and Communication Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infrastructure		415 502	447 685	476 491	1 739	22 348	22 348	4 870	5 432	5 708
Community Facilities		5 197	19 204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sport and Recreation Facilities		38 737	65	11 581	17 478	19 021	19 021	22 496	27 053	28 244
Community Assets		43 934	19 269	11 581	17 478	19 021	19 021	22 496	27 053	28 244
Heritage Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment properties		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operational Buildings		29 500	31 397	52 945	14 216	13 781	13 781	870	1 046	1 092
Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Assets		29 500	31 397	52 945	14 216	13 781	13 781	870	1 046	1 092
Biological or Cultivated Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Servitudes		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Licences and Rights		1 754	1 754	1 530	—	522	522	216	226	237
Intangible Assets		1 754	1 754	1 530	—	522	522	216	226	237
Computer Equipment		—	—	—	522	522	522	519	543	568
Furniture and Office Equipment		5 295	6 699	7 209	626	875	875	408	427	446
Machinery and Equipment		20 076	21 820	21 119	2 217	4 186	4 186	4 508	4 715	4 929
Transport Assets		17 596	16 995	16 307	4 391	—	—	—	—	—
Land		—	—	—	1 739	1 739	1 739	—	—	—
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Immature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Living Resources		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	1 468	3 832	21 382	9 596	12 870	12 870	12 763	15 339	16 013
Roads Infrastructure		147	1 995	19 520	8 987	11 840	11 840	12 676	15 248	15 918
Storm water Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electrical Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Supply Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitation Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solid Waste Infrastructure		217	374	399	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rail Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coastal Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Information and Communication Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infrastructure		365	2 369	19 919	8 987	11 840	11 840	12 676	15 248	15 918
Community Facilities		—	—	—	609	1 030	1 030	87	91	95
Sport and Recreation Facilities		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Community Assets		—	—	—	609	1 030	1 030	87	91	95
Heritage Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment properties		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operational Buildings		1 103	1 463	1 463	—	—	—	—	—	—
Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Assets		1 103	1 463	1 463	—	—	—	—	—	—
Biological or Cultivated Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Servitudes		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Licences and Rights		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Intangible Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Computer Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Furniture and Office Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machinery and Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transport Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Land		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Immature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Living Resources		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Upgrading of Existing Assets	6	114 654	82 182	71 342	10 635	7 413	7 413	5 739	6 835	7 136
Roads Infrastructure		104 032	82 125	71 284	9 765	7 413	7 413	5 304	6 381	6 661
Storm water Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electrical Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Supply Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitation Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Solid Waste Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rail Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coastal Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Information and Communication Infrastructure		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Infrastructure		104 032	82 125	71 284	9 765	7 413	7 413	5 304	6 381	6 661
Community Facilities		—	—	—	870	—	—	435	455	475
Sport and Recreation Facilities		10 622	57	57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Community Assets		10 622	57	57	870	—	—	435	455	475
Heritage Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-revenue Generating		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment properties		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Operational Buildings		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Biological or Cultivated Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Servitudes		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Licences and Rights		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Intangible Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Computer Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Furniture and Office Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machinery and Equipment		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transport Assets		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Land		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Immature		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Explanatory notes to Table A9 - Asset Management

1. Table A9 provides an overview of municipal capital allocations to building new assets and the renewal of existing assets, as well as spending on repairs and maintenance by asset class.
2. National Treasury has recommended that municipalities should allocate at least 40 per cent of their capital budget to the renewal of existing assets, and allocations to repairs and maintenance should be 8 per cent of PPE. The Municipality is unable to meet both these recommendations. In the main this is because Umzumbe Local Municipality does not have cash generating assets that would require that level of maintenance to keep them in the condition necessary for it keep generating cash for the municipality. However, our asset maintenance plan is going to be implemented, and we have taken resolutions on using 10% of our 2025/26 MIG allocation for maintenance of assets(roads), which clearly indicate our commitment on asset maintenance.
3. The following graph provides an analysis between depreciation and operational repairs and maintenance over the MTREF. It highlights the Municipality's strategy to address the maintenance backlog.

Table 17 MBRR Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A10 Basic service delivery measurement

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Household service targets	1									
Water:										
Piped water inside dwelling		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Using public tap (at least min.service level)	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other water supply (at least min.service level)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Using public tap (< min.service level)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other water supply (< min.service level)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No water supply		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Below Minimum Service Level sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation/sewerage:										
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flush toilet (with septic tank)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemical toilet		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pit toilet (ventilated)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other toilet provisions (> min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bucket toilet		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other toilet provisions (< min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No toilet provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Below Minimum Service Level sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Energy:										
Electricity (at least min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity - prepaid (min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity (< min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other energy sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Below Minimum Service Level sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse:										
Removed at least once a week		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Removed less frequently than once a week		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Using communal refuse dump		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Using own refuse dump		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other rubbish disposal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No rubbish disposal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Below Minimum Service Level sub-total</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households receiving Free Basic Service	7									
Water (6 kilolitres per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (free minimum level service)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity/other energy (50kwh per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse (removed at least once a week)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Informal Settlements		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Formal Settlements (R'000)										
Water (6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (free sanitation service to indigent households)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity/other energy (50kwh per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse (removed once a week for indigent households)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Informal Formal Settlements (R'000)										
Total cost of FBS provided	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highest level of free service provided per household										
Property rates (R value threshold)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water (kilolitres per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (Rand per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity (kwh per household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse (average litres per week)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue cost of subsidised services provided (R'000)	9									
Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissible values per section 17 of MPRA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissible values in excess of section 17 of MPRA		(765)	(766)	(766)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)
Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent households)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent households)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Housing - rental rebates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing - top structure subsidies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenue cost of subsidised services provided	6	(765)	(766)	(766)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)	(1 455)

Part 2 – Supporting Documentation

2.1 Overview of the annual budget process

Section 53 of the MFMA requires the Mayor of the municipality to provide general political guidance in the budget process and the setting of priorities that must guide the preparation of the budget. In addition Chapter 2 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations states that the Mayor of the municipality must establish a Budget Steering Committee to provide technical assistance to the Mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the Act.

The Budget Steering Committee consists of the Municipal Manager and senior officials of the municipality meeting under the chairpersonship of the for Finance Portfolio Chair(the Mayor).

The primary aims of the Budget Steering Committee is to ensure:

- that the process followed to compile the budget complies with legislation and good budget practices;
- that there is proper alignment between the policy and service delivery priorities set out in the Municipality's IDP and the budget, taking into account the need to protect the financial sustainability of municipality;
- that the municipality's revenue and tariff setting strategies ensure that the cash resources needed to deliver services are available; and
- that the various spending priorities of the different municipal departments are properly evaluated and prioritised in the allocation of resources.

2.1.1 Budget Process Overview

In terms of section 21 of the MFMA the Mayor is required to table in Council ten months before the start of the new financial year (i.e. in August 2010) a time schedule that sets out the process to revise the IDP and prepare the budget.

The Mayor tabled in Council the required the IDP and budget time schedule on 25 August 2010. Key dates applicable to the process were:

- **August 2024** – Joint strategic planning session of the Mayoral Committee and Executive Management. Aim: to review past performance trends of the capital and operating budgets, the economic realities and to set the prioritisation criteria for the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF;
- **November 2024** – Detail departmental budget proposals (capital and operating) submitted to the Budget and Treasury Office for consolidation and assessment against the financial planning guidelines;
- **3 to 7 January 2025** - Review of the financial strategy and key economic and financial planning assumptions by the Budget Steering Committee. This included financial forecasting and scenario considerations;
- **January 2025** - Council considers the 2024/25 Mid-year Review and Adjustments Budget;
- **February 2025** - Recommendations of EXCO are communicated to the Budget Steering Committee, and on to the respective departments. The draft 2025/26 MTREF is revised accordingly;
- **28 March 2025** - Tabling in Council of the draft 2025/26 IDP and 2025/26 MTREF for public consultation;

- **April 2025** – Public consultation;
- **20 to 24 May 2025**– finalisation of the 2025/26 IDP and 2025/26 MTREF, taking into consideration comments received from the public, comments from National Treasury, and updated information from the most recent Division of Revenue Bill and financial framework; and
- **May 2025** - Tabling of the 2025/26 MTREF before Council for consideration and approval.

2.1.2 IDP and Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan

The Municipality's IDP is its principal strategic planning instrument, which directly guides and informs its planning, budget, management and development actions. This framework is rolled out into objectives, key performance indicators and targets for implementation which directly inform the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. The Process Plan applicable to the fourth revision cycle included the following key IDP processes and deliverables:

- Registration of community needs;
- Compilation of departmental business plans including key performance indicators and targets;
- Financial planning and budgeting process;
- Public participation process;
- Compilation of the SDBIP, and
- The review of the performance management and monitoring processes.

The IDP has been taken into a business and financial planning process leading up to the 2025/26 MTREF, based on the approved 2024/25 MTREF, Mid-year Review and adjustments budget. The business planning process has subsequently been refined in the light of current economic circumstances and the resulting revenue projections.

With the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF, each department/function had to review the business planning process, including the setting of priorities and targets after reviewing the mid-year and third quarter performance against the 2024/25 Departmental Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. Business planning links back to priority needs and master planning, and essentially informed the detail operating budget appropriations and three-year capital programme.

2.1.3 Financial Modelling and Key Planning Drivers

As part of the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF, extensive financial modelling was undertaken to ensure affordability and long-term financial sustainability. The following key factors and planning strategies have informed the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF:

- Municipality growth
- Policy priorities and strategic objectives
- Asset maintenance
- Economic climate and trends
- Performance trends
- The approved 2024/25 adjustments budget and performance against the SDBIP
- Cash Flow Management Strategy

- Debtor payment levels
- Loan and investment possibilities
- The need for tariff increases versus the ability of the community to pay for services;
- Improved and sustainable service delivery

In addition to the above, the strategic guidance given in National Treasury's MFMA Circular 126 has been taken into consideration in the planning and prioritisation process.

2.1.4 Community Consultation

Community consultations will be short circuited inline with cost containments measures that has been agreed to.

2.2 Overview of alignment of annual budget with IDP

The Constitution mandates local government with the responsibility to exercise local developmental and cooperative governance. The eradication of imbalances in South African society can only be realized through a credible integrated developmental planning process.

Municipalities in South Africa need to utilise integrated development planning as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sound long-term development goals. A municipal IDP provides a five year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium and long term strategic and budget priorities to create a development platform, which correlates with the term of office of the political incumbents. The plan aligns the resources and the Municipality of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership and direction to all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to make the best use of scarce resources and speed up service delivery.

Integrated developmental planning in the South African context is amongst others, an approach to planning aimed at involving the municipality and the community to jointly find the best solutions towards sustainable development. Furthermore, integrated development planning provides a strategic environment for managing and guiding all planning, development and decision making in the municipality.

It is important that the IDP developed by municipalities correlate with National and Provincial intent. It must aim to co-ordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in that area. Applied to the Municipality, issues of national and provincial importance should be reflected in the IDP of the municipality. A clear understanding of such intent is therefore imperative to ensure that the Municipality strategically complies with the key national and provincial priorities.

The aim of this revision cycle was to develop and coordinate a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in the area, also reflecting issues of national and provincial importance. One of the key objectives is therefore to ensure that there exists alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies and the Municipality's response to these requirements.

The Constitution requires local government to relate its management, budgeting and planning functions to its objectives. This gives a clear indication of the intended purposes of municipal integrated development planning. Legislation stipulates clearly that a municipality must not only give effect to its IDP, but must also conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP. The following table highlights the IDP's five strategic objectives for the 2025/26 MTREF and further planning refinements that have directly informed the compilation of the budget:

Table 18 IDP Strategic Objectives

In order to ensure integrated and focused service delivery between all spheres of government it was important for the Municipality to align its budget priorities with that of national and provincial government. All spheres of government place a high priority on infrastructure development, economic development and job creation, efficient service delivery, poverty alleviation and building sound institutional arrangements.

1. Economic growth and development that leads to sustainable job creation by:
 - Ensuring there is a clear structural plan for the Municipality;
 - Ensuring planning processes function in accordance with set timeframes;
 - Facilitating the use of labour intensive approaches in the delivery of services and the building of infrastructure.
- 3.1 Fight poverty and build clean, healthy, safe and sustainable communities:
 - Effective implementation of the Indigent Policy;
 - Extending waste removal services and ensuring effective municipality cleansing;
 - Working with strategic partners such as SAPS to address crime;
 - Ensuring safe working environments by effective enforcement of building and health regulations;
 - Promote viable, sustainable communities through proper zoning; and
 - Promote environmental sustainability by protecting wetlands and key open spaces.
- 3.2 Integrated Social Services for empowered and sustainable communities
 - Work with provincial departments to ensure the development of community infrastructure such as schools and clinics is properly co-ordinated with the informal settlements upgrade programme
4. Foster participatory democracy and Batho Pele principles through a caring, accessible and accountable service by:
 - Optimising effective community participation in the ward committee system; and
 - Implementing Batho Pele in the revenue management strategy.
- 5.1 Promote sound governance through:
 - Publishing the outcomes of all tender processes on the municipal website
- 5.2 Ensure financial sustainability through:
 - Reviewing the use of contracted services
 - Continuing to implement the infrastructure renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan
- 5.3 Optimal institutional transformation to ensure Municipality to achieve set objectives
 - Review of the organizational structure to optimize the use of personnel;

In line with the MSA, the IDP constitutes a single, inclusive strategic plan for the Municipality. The five-year programme responds to the development challenges and opportunities faced by the Municipality by identifying the key performance areas to achieve the five the strategic objectives mentioned above.

In addition to the five-year IDP, the Municipality undertakes an extensive planning and developmental strategy which primarily focuses on a longer-term horizon; 15 to 20 years. This process is aimed at influencing the development path by proposing a substantial programme of public-led investment to restructure current patterns of settlement, activity and access to resources in the Municipality so as to promote greater equity and enhanced opportunity. The strategy specifically targets future developmental opportunities in traditional dormitory settlements. It provides direction to the Municipality's IDP, associated sectoral plans and strategies, and the allocation of resources of the Municipality and other service delivery partners.

This development strategy introduces important policy shifts which have further been translated into seven strategic focus areas/objectives as outlined below:

- Developing dormant areas;
- Enforcing hard development lines – so as to direct private investment;
- Maintaining existing urban areas;
- Strengthening key economic clusters;
- Building social cohesion;
- Strong developmental initiatives in relation to the municipal institution as a whole; and
- Sound financial fundamentals.

Lessons learned with previous IDP revision and planning cycles as well as changing environments were taken into consideration in the compilation of the fourth revised IDP, including:

- Strengthening the analysis and strategic planning processes of the Municipality;
- Initiating zonal planning processes that involve the communities in the analysis and planning processes. More emphasis was placed on area based interventions, within the overall holistic framework;
- Ensuring better coordination through a programmatic approach and attempting to focus the budgeting process through planning interventions; and
- Strengthening performance management and monitoring systems in ensuring the objectives and deliverables are achieved.

The 2025/26 MTREF has therefore been directly informed by the IDP revision process and the following tables provide a reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and operating revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure.

Table 19 MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA4 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (revenue)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
				Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand												
DRAFT BUDGET	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	(379)	(380)	(380)	(245)	—	—	(245)	(245)	(245)
DRAFT BUDGET	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	—	—	(49)	—	—	(49)	(49)	(49)
DRAFT BUDGET	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	198 922	225 689	234 003	242 797	—	—	234 938	235 521	245 497
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31 708	20 726	21 668
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	(386)	(386)	(386)	(1 161)	—	—	(1 161)	(1 161)	(1 161)
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	(716)	128	(466)	3 792	—	—	1 046	1 046	1 046
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)			1	197 441	225 050	232 771	245 134	—	—	266 236	255 838	266 756
References												
1. Total revenue must reconcile to												
2. Balance of allocations not directly linked to an IDP strategic objective												
check op revenue balance				35 835	47 085	43 270	37 565	(206 672)	(206 672)	55 135	53 074	55 409

Table 20 MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operating expenditure

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure)

KENYA'S ORGANISMS - Supporting Table 04a Reconciliation of Budget Strategic Objectives and Budget (Operating Expenditure)													
Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	Current Year 2023/24			2024/25 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
				Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2024/25	Budget Year +1 2025/26	Budget Year +2 2026/27	
R thousand													
Improved Organisational cohesion and Effectiveness	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	—	—	6 957	6 957	6 957	414	—	—	
	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	600	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	—	1 304	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	1 862	2 816	4 792	8 403	8 464	8 464	4 676	4 345	4 541	
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	A long and healthy life for all South Africans	2	—	122	174	261	358	301	301	178	186	195	
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	201	797	1 829	1 677	1 716	1 716	1 397	1 013	1 059	
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	2 423	3 462	4 184	5 021	4 036	4 036	2 016	1 830	1 835	
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	2 473	3 393	4 487	4 973	5 651	5 651	2 950	2 984	2 574	
DRAFT BUDGET	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	5 317	6 209	6 244	7 709	7 953	7 953	4 377	3 668	3 833	
DRAFT BUDGET	A long and healthy life for all South Africans	2	—	535	487	786	283	543	543	174	182	190	
DRAFT BUDGET	A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path	5	—	2 067	2 026	4 142	3 110	3 244	3 244	1 554	2 257	2 008	
DRAFT BUDGET	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	3 891	3 728	11 971	6 917	8 579	8 579	5 006	5 189	5 423	
DRAFT BUDGET	Create a better South Africa and contribute to a better Africa and a better world	11	—	—	—	—	304	—	—	—	—	—	
DRAFT BUDGET	Protect and enhance our environmental assets and natural resources	10	—	864	594	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
DRAFT BUDGET	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	646	1 325	8 909	4 213	3 547	3 547	4 100	4 060	4 242	
DRAFT BUDGET	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	117 259	120 105	146 567	172 153	169 625	169 625	157 432	163 380	169 481	
DRAFT BUDGET	Vibrant, equitable, sustainable rural communities contributing towards food security for all	7	—	—	—	—	261	—	—	—	—	—	
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	6	—	6 963	4 345	29 285	4 348	4 348	4 348	1 304	1 739	1 821	
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	3 317	5 017	20 873	39 008	39 008	3 315	8 272	7 826	
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	Protect and enhance our environmental assets and natural resources	10	—	—	—	—	43	43	43	—	—	—	
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	—	3 032	7 432	6 147	8 147	8 147	870	—	—	
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	—	—	—	696	348	348	522	182	190	
Improved overall financial management and systems	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	150	239	480	1 569	1 434	1 434	1 043	1 091	1 141	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	—	—	—	850	974	974	400	816	437	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	6	—	—	—	—	1 739	—	—	—	—	—	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	610	272	—	672	1 542	1 542	—	—	—	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Protect and enhance our environmental assets and natural resources	10	—	—	—	—	1 261	1 261	1 261	200	209	219	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	13	13	715	787	461	461	26	27	29	
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	7 499	19 840	7 431	7 101	11 964	11 964	8 583	8 948	9 315	
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	1 285	742	1 102	2 249	6 592	6 592	1 974	246	257	
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	1 537	2 160	5 549	6 017	4 575	4 575	3 025	3 164	3 306	
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	—	—	—	2 087	4 304	4 304	—	—	—	
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	Vibrant, equitable, sustainable rural communities contributing towards food security for all	7	—	496	814	731	2 752	1 870	1 870	957	1 001	1 046	
Allocations to other priorities													
Total Expenditure				1	156 813	179 890	253 219	281 527	307 485	307 485	206 492	214 790	220 967

Table 21 MBRR Table SA7 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted capital expenditure

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
				Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand												
	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	—	5 363	414	—	—	—	—	—
Improved Organisational cohesion and Effectiveness	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	—	1 304	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	2 816	4 792	6 892	4 676	—	—	3 467	3 627	3 787
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	A long and healthy life for all South Africans	2	—	174	261	243	178	—	—	117	122	128
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	130	136	142
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	797	1 829	1 616	1 397	—	—	665	686	659
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	3 462	4 184	3 791	2 016	—	—	1 896	1 983	2 136
Clean Governance, Comprehensive Public Participation and Accountability	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	3 393	4 487	3 628	2 950	—	—	1 463	1 531	1 598
DRAFT BUDGET	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	6 209	6 127	6 003	4 377	—	—	2 119	2 217	2 315
DRAFT BUDGET	A long and healthy life for all South Africans	2	—	487	786	313	174	—	—	173	181	189
DRAFT BUDGET	A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path	5	—	2 026	4 142	2 160	1 554	—	—	900	941	983
DRAFT BUDGET	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	3 728	11 971	5 799	5 006	—	—	11 905	12 429	12 979
DRAFT BUDGET	Protect and enhance our environmental assets and natural resources	10	—	594	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
DRAFT BUDGET	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	1 325	8 909	5 037	4 100	—	—	5 452	5 701	5 955
DRAFT BUDGET	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	120 105	146 686	153 588	157 432	—	—	161 118	168 495	175 731
DRAFT BUDGET	Vibrant, equitable, sustainable rural communities contributing towards food security for all	7	—	—	—	142	—	—	—	—	—	—
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	6	—	4 345	29 285	6 211	1 304	—	—	2 609	2 729	2 849
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	3 317	5 017	(1 944)	3 315	—	—	8 826	9 232	9 648
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	3 032	7 432	8 795	870	—	—	—	—	—
Efficient and integrated infrastructure and basic services	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	—	—	319	522	—	—	2 757	2 884	3 011
Improved overall financial management and systems	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	239	480	1 362	1 043	—	—	1 043	1 090	1 138
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	—	—	738	400	—	—	26	27	28
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	272	—	1 913	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Protect and enhance our environmental assets and natural resources	10	—	—	—	785	200	—	—	1 970	2 060	2 151
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	13	715	443	26	—	—	182	190	199
Spatial Equity and Environmental Sustainability	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	19 840	7 431	14 900	8 583	—	—	6 867	7 182	7 505
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	A comprehensive, responsive and sustainable social protection system	13	—	742	1 102	6 300	1 974	—	—	1 100	1 150	1 202
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	An efficient, effective and development-oriented public service	12	—	2 160	5 549	3 923	3 025	—	—	2 776	2 903	3 034
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	Responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government	9	—	—	—	7 130	—	—	—	346	362	379
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 948	1 965	2 053
Vibrant and Inclusive Rural Economy	Vibrant, equitable, sustainable rural communities contributing towards food security for all	7	—	814	731	1 803	957	—	—	398	417	435

2.3 Measurable performance objectives and indicators

Performance Management is a system intended to manage and monitor service delivery progress against the identified strategic objectives and priorities. In accordance with legislative requirements and good business practices as informed by the National Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, the Municipality has developed and implemented a performance management system of which system is constantly refined as the integrated planning process unfolds. The Municipality targets, monitors, assesses and reviews organisational performance which in turn is directly linked to individual employee's performance.

At any given time within government, information from multiple years is being considered; plans and budgets for next year; implementation for the current year; and reporting on last year's performance. Although performance information is reported publicly during the last stage, the performance information process begins when policies are being developed, and continues through each of the planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting stages. The planning, budgeting and reporting cycle can be graphically illustrated as follows:

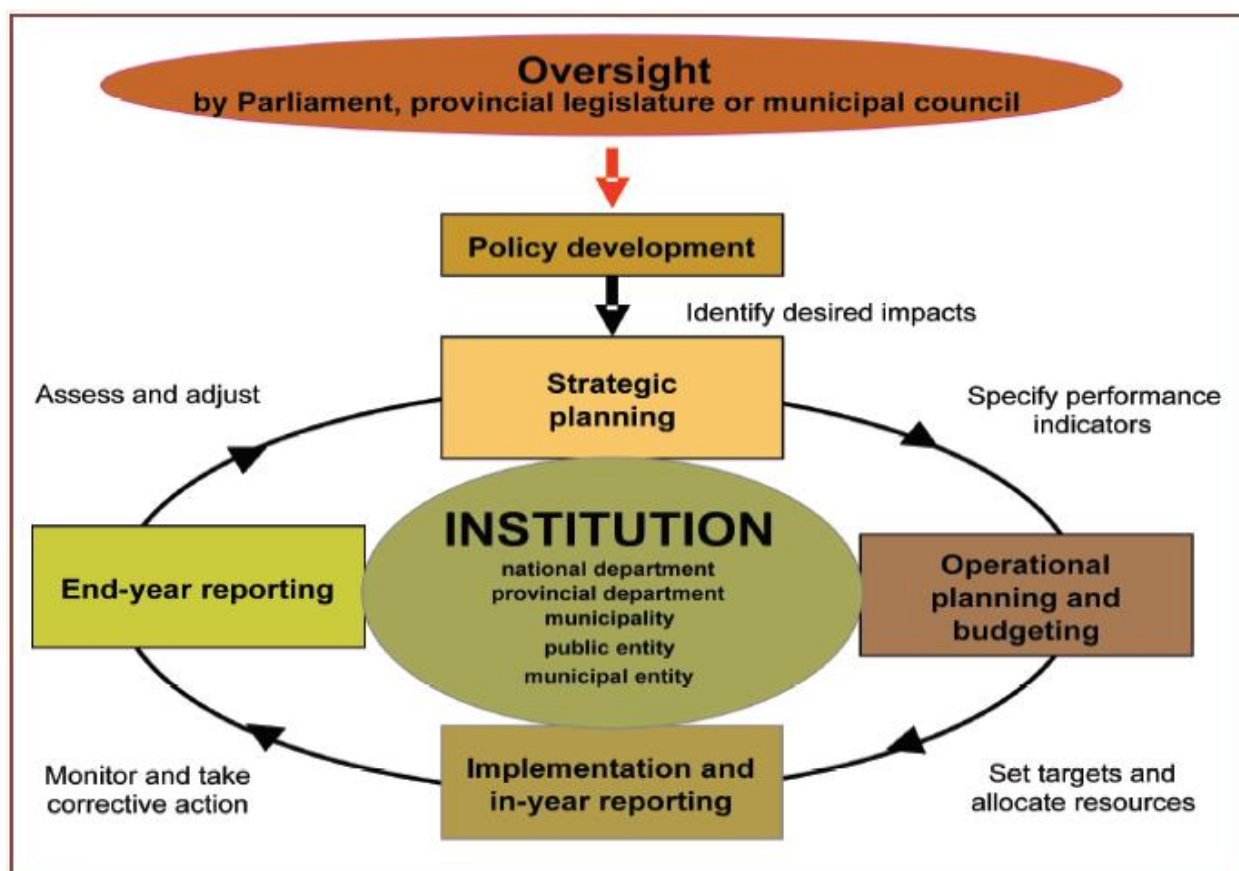


Figure 2 Planning, budgeting and reporting cycle

The performance of the Municipality relates directly to the extent to which it has achieved success in realising its goals and objectives, complied with legislative requirements and meeting stakeholder expectations. The Municipality therefore has adopted one integrated performance management system which encompasses:

- Planning (setting goals, objectives, targets and benchmarks);
- Monitoring (regular monitoring and checking on the progress against plan);
- Measurement (indicators of success);
- Review (identifying areas requiring change and improvement);
- Reporting (what information, to whom, from whom, how often and for what purpose); and
- Improvement (making changes where necessary).

The performance information concepts used by the Municipality in its integrated performance management system are aligned to the **Framework of Managing Programme Performance Information** issued by the National Treasury:

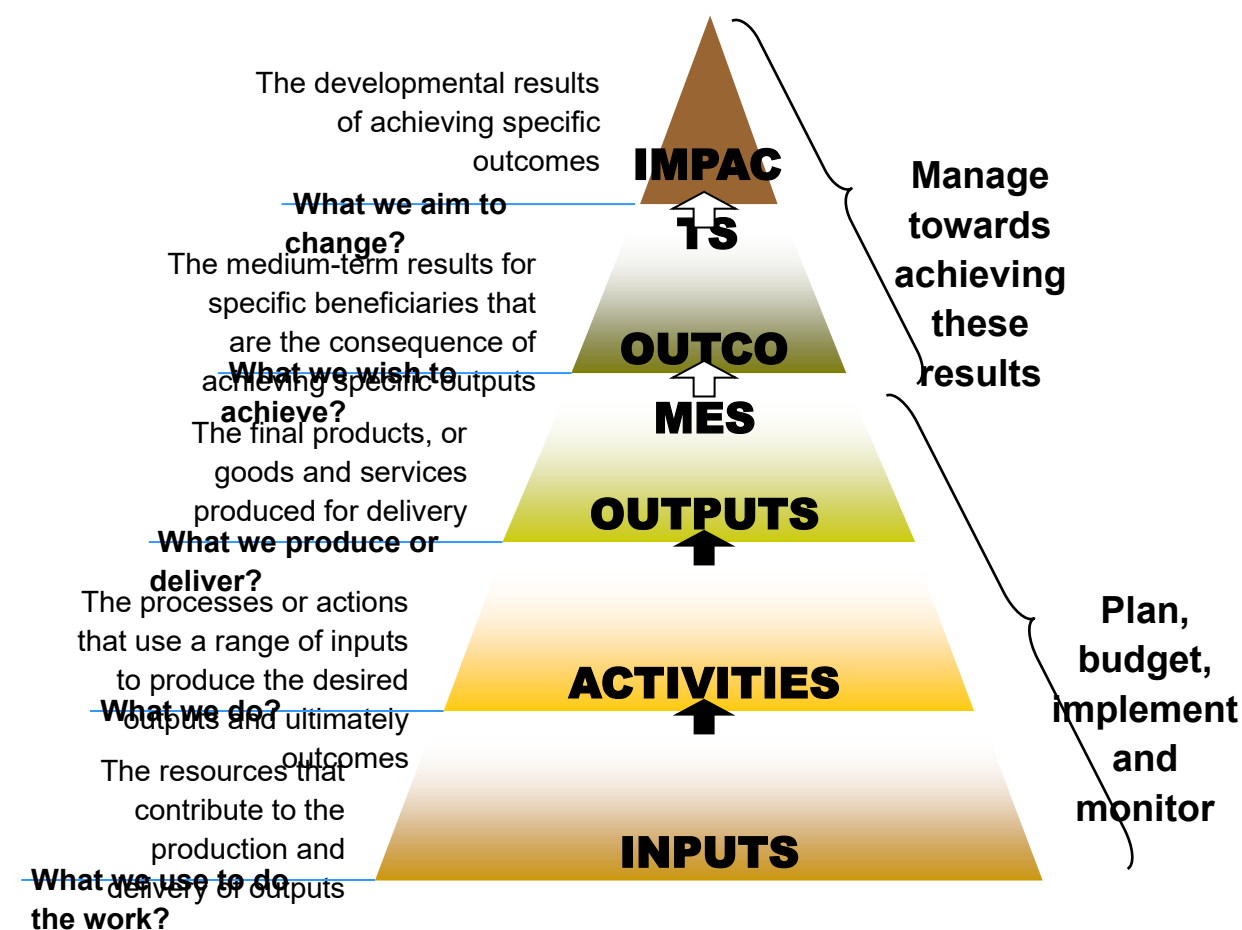


Figure 3 Definition of performance information concepts

The following table sets out the municipalities main performance objectives and benchmarks for the 2025/26 MTREF.

Table 22 MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA8 Performance indicators and benchmarks

Description of financial indicator		Basis of calculation		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
				Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Borrowing Management													
Credit Rating													
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & Principal Paid /Operating Expenditure	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Capital Charges to Own Revenue	Finance charges & Repayment of borrowing /Own Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Borrowed funding of 'own' capital expenditure	Borrowing/Capital expenditure excl. transfers and grants and contributions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Safety of Capital													
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Liquidity													
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	5.3	3.4	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.2	7.5	(0.9)	(8.3)	(8.3)	
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/current liabilities	5.3	3.4	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.2	7.5	(0.9)	(8.3)	(8.3)	
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities	4.8	2.9	1.1	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.5	(1.6)	(20.3)	(20.2)	(20.2)	
Revenue Management													
Annual Debtors Collection Rate (Payment Level %)	Last 12 Mths Receipts/Last 12 Mths Billing		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3241.9%	3229.7%	3229.7%	0.0%	51.1%	81.0%	81.0%	
Current Debtors Collection Rate (Cash receipts % of Ratepayer & Other revenue)		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3241.9%	3229.7%	3229.7%	0.0%	51.1%	81.0%	77.5%	77.5%	
Outstanding Debtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue	10.7%	10.9%	13.0%	13.2%	21.9%	21.9%	20.5%	25.8%	16.9%	10.4%	10.4%	
Longstanding Debtors Recovered	Debtors > 12 Mths Recovered/Total Debtors > 12 Months Old												
Creditors Management													
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within MFMA' s 65(e))												
Creditors to Cash and Investments		3.7%	-3.3%	-2.6%	-65.1%	-34.5%	-34.5%	-13.4%	-25.0%	-0.5%	-0.3%	-0.3%	
Other Indicators													
	Total Volume Losses (kW) technical												
	Total Volume Losses (kW) non technical												
Electricity Distribution Losses (2)	Total Cost of Losses (Rand '000)												
	% Volume (units purchased and generated less units sold)/units purchased and generated												
Water Volumes -System input	Bulk Purchase												
	Water treatment works												
	Natural sources												
	Total Volume Losses (kI)												
Water Distribution Losses (2)	Total Cost of Losses (Rand '000)												
	% Volume (units purchased and generated less units sold)/units purchased and generated												
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	40.7%	40.2%	41.4%	43.0%	43.1%	43.1%	36.6%	47.4%	51.6%	51.7%	51.7%	
Remuneration	Total remuneration/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	40.7%	40.2%	53.2%	51.4%	51.7%	51.7%		58.2%	63.4%	63.5%	63.5%	
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M/(Total Revenue excluding capital revenue)	4.7%	19.9%	5.4%	2.9%	3.4%	3.4%		2.9%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	
Finance charges & Depreciation	FC&D/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	20.2%	13.2%	13.8%	14.8%	13.6%	13.6%	0.0%	12.7%	13.8%	13.8%	13.8%	
IDP regulation financial viability indicators													
i. Debt coverage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due within financial year	-	-	-	-	-	-	31.9	33.7	31.0	32.3	32.3	
ii. O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services	16303.7%	17758.8%	21159.7%	11870.1%	19608.1%	19608.1%	334756.2%	371.7%	372.3%	229.1%	229.1%	
iii. Cost coverage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure	81.2	(49.1)	(68.5)	(3.7)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(11.4)	(0.6)	(2.9)	(5.1)	(5.1)	

References

1. Consumer debtors > 12 months old are excluded from current assets
2. Only include if services provided by the municipality

Calculation data

Debtors > 90 days	10 766	16 960	16 407	13 158	13 333	13 333	13 029	14 980	15 663	16 355
Monthly fixed operational expenditure	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
Fixed operational expenditure % assumption	60 285	(12 598)	51 654	30 494	30 003	30 003	629 095	18 043	20 303	21 240
Own capex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2.3.1.1 Liquidity

- **Current ratio** is a measure of the current assets divided by the current liabilities and as a benchmark the Municipality has set a limit of 1, hence at no point in time should this ratio be less than 1.

- *The liquidity ratio* is a measure of the ability of the municipality to utilize cash and cash equivalents to extinguish or retire its current liabilities immediately. Ideally the municipality should have the equivalent cash and cash equivalents on hand to meet at least the current liabilities, which should translate into a liquidity ratio of 1. Anything below 1 indicates a shortage in cash to meet creditor obligations.

2.3.1.2 Revenue Management

- As part of the financial sustainability strategy, an aggressive revenue management framework has been implemented to increase cash inflow, not only from current billings but also from debtors that are in arrears in excess of 90 days. The intention of the strategy is to streamline the revenue value chain by ensuring accurate billing, customer service, credit control and debt collection.

2.3.1.3 Creditors Management

- The Municipality has managed to ensure that creditors are settled within the legislated 30 days of invoice.

2.4 Overview of budget related-policies

The Municipality's budgeting process is guided and governed by relevant legislation, frameworks, strategies and related policies.

2.4.1 Review of credit control and debt collection procedures/policies

The Collection Policy as approved by Council in 2023 is currently under review. While the adopted policy is credible, sustainable, manageable and informed by affordability and value for money there has been a need to review certain components to achieve a higher collection rate.

2.4.2 Asset Management Policy

A proxy for asset consumption can be considered the level of depreciation each asset incurs on an annual basis. Preserving the investment in existing infrastructure needs to be considered a significant strategy in ensuring the future sustainability of infrastructure and the Municipality's revenue base. Within the framework, the need for asset renewal was considered a priority and hence the capital programme was determined based on renewal of current assets versus new asset construction.

Further, continued improvements in technology generally allows many assets to be renewed at a lesser 'real' cost than the original construction cost. Therefore, it is considered prudent to allow for a slightly lesser continual level of annual renewal than the average annual depreciation. The Asset Management, Infrastructure and Funding Policy is therefore considered a strategic guide in ensuring a sustainable approach to asset renewal, repairs and maintenance and is utilised as a guide to the selection and prioritisation of individual capital projects. In addition the policy prescribes the accounting and administrative policies and procedures relating to property, plant and equipment (fixed assets).

2.4.3 Supply Chain Management Policy

The Supply Chain Management Policy was adopted by Council in May 2017. An amended policy will be considered by Council in due course of which the amendments will be extensively consulted on, we are looking to have the reviewed policy adopted by council by 1 July 2025.

2.4.4 Budget and Virement Policy

The Budget and Virement Policy aims to empower senior managers with an efficient financial and budgetary amendment and control system to ensure optimum service delivery within the legislative framework of the MFMA and the Municipality's system of delegations.

2.4.5 Cash Management and Investment Policy

The aim of the policy is to ensure that the Municipality's surplus cash and investments are adequately managed, especially the funds set aside for the cash backing of certain reserves. The policy details the minimum cash and cash equivalents required at any point in time and introduces time frames to achieve certain benchmarks.

2.4.6 Tariff Policies

The Municipality's tariff policies provide a broad framework within which the Council can determine fair, transparent and affordable charges that also promote sustainable service delivery. The policies have been approved on various dates and a consolidated tariff policy is envisaged to be compiled for ease of administration and implementation of the next two years.

All the above policies are available on the Municipality's website, as well as the following budget related policies:

- Property Rates Policy;
- Funding and Reserves Policy;
- Budget Policy; and
- Indigent Policy.

2.5 Overview of budget assumptions

2.5.1 General inflation outlook and its impact on the municipal activities

There are five key factors that have been taken into consideration in the compilation of the 2025/26 MTREF:

- National Government macro economic targets;
- The general inflationary outlook and the impact on Municipality's residents and businesses;
- The impact of municipal cost drivers;
- The increase in the cost of remuneration. Employee related costs comprise 49.3 per cent of total operating expenditure in the 2025/26 MTREF and therefore this increase above inflation places a disproportionate upward pressure on the expenditure budget.

2.5.2 Collection rate for revenue services

The base assumption is that tariff and rating increases will increase at a rate slightly higher than CPI over the long term. It is also assumed that current economic conditions, and relatively controlled inflationary conditions, will continue for the forecasted term.

The rate of revenue collection is currently expressed as a percentage (95 per cent) of annual billings. Cash flow is assumed to be 95 per cent of billings, plus an increased collection of arrear debt from the revised collection and credit control policy. The performance of arrear collections will however only be considered a source of additional cash in-flow once the performance has been carefully monitored.

2.5.3 Growth or decline in tax base of the municipality

Debtors revenue is assumed to increase at a rate that is influenced by the consumer debtors collection rate, tariff/rate pricing, real growth rate of the Municipality, household formation growth rate and the poor household change rate.

Household formation is the key factor in measuring municipal revenue and expenditure growth, as servicing 'households' is a greater municipal service factor than servicing individuals. Household formation rates are assumed to convert to household dwellings. In addition the change in the number of poor households influences the net revenue benefit derived from household formation growth, as it assumes that the same costs incurred for servicing the household exist, but that no consumer revenue is derived as the 'poor household' limits consumption to the level of free basic services.

2.5.4 Impact of national, provincial and local policies

Integration of service delivery between national, provincial and local government is critical to ensure focussed service delivery and in this regard various measures were implemented to align IDPs, provincial and national strategies around priority spatial interventions. In this regard, the following national priorities form the basis of all integration initiatives:

- Creating jobs;
- Enhancing education and skill development;
- Improving Health services;
- Rural development and agriculture; and
- Fighting crime and corruption.

To achieve these priorities integration mechanisms are in place to ensure integrated planning and execution of various development programs. The focus will be to strengthen the link between policy priorities and expenditure thereby ensuring the achievement of the national, provincial and local objectives.

Table 23 MBRR SA15 – Detail Investment Information

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA15 Investment particulars by type

KZN215 Umzimbe - Supporting Table SA15 Investment particulars by type											
Investment type	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28	
R thousand											
Parent municipality											
Securities - National Government	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Listed Corporate Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits - Bank		10 459	10 754	11 148	11 139	11 139	11 139	5 765	5 765	5 765	
Deposits - Public Investment Commissioners		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits - Corporation for Public Deposits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bankers Acceptance Certificates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit - Banks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guaranteed Endowment Policies (sinking)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Repurchase Agreements - Banks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Municipal Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Municipality sub-total			10 459	10 754	11 148	11 139	11 139	11 139	5 765	5 765	5 765
Entities											
Securities - National Government			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Listed Corporate Bonds	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits - Bank	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits - Public Investment Commissioners	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits - Corporation for Public Deposits	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bankers Acceptance Certificates	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit - Banks	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guaranteed Endowment Policies (sinking)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Repurchase Agreements - Banks	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Entities sub-total			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated total:		10 459	10 754	11 148	11 139	11 139	11 139	5 765	5 765	5 765	

References

1. Total investments must reconcile to Budgeted Financial Position ('current' call investment deposits plus 'non-current' investments)

check investment balance	-528 584 177.00	-591 001 857.00	-634 952 226	-675 458 455	-697 883 493	-697 883 493	-73 056 938	-27 728 742	-29 246 555
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Table 24 MBRR SA16 – Investment particulars by maturity

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA16 Investment particulars by maturity

Investments by Maturity	Ref	Period of Investment	Type of Investment	Capital Guarantee (Yes/ No)	Variable or Fixed interest rate	Interest Rate *	Commission Paid (Rands)	Commission Recipient	Expiry date of investment	Opening balance	Interest to be realised	Partial / Premature Withdrawal (4)	Investment Top Up	Closing Balance
Name of institution & investment ID	1	Yrs/Months												
Parent municipality		Months	Call Deposit	5430404.35	Variable		0	0		5 430	30	-	-	5 460
FNB Money Market														-
														-
														-
														-
Municipality sub-total										5 430		-	-	5 460
Entities														-
														-
														-
														-
														-
Entities sub-total										-		-	-	-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND INTEREST	1									5 430		-	-	5 460

2.5.5 Medium-term outlook: capital revenue

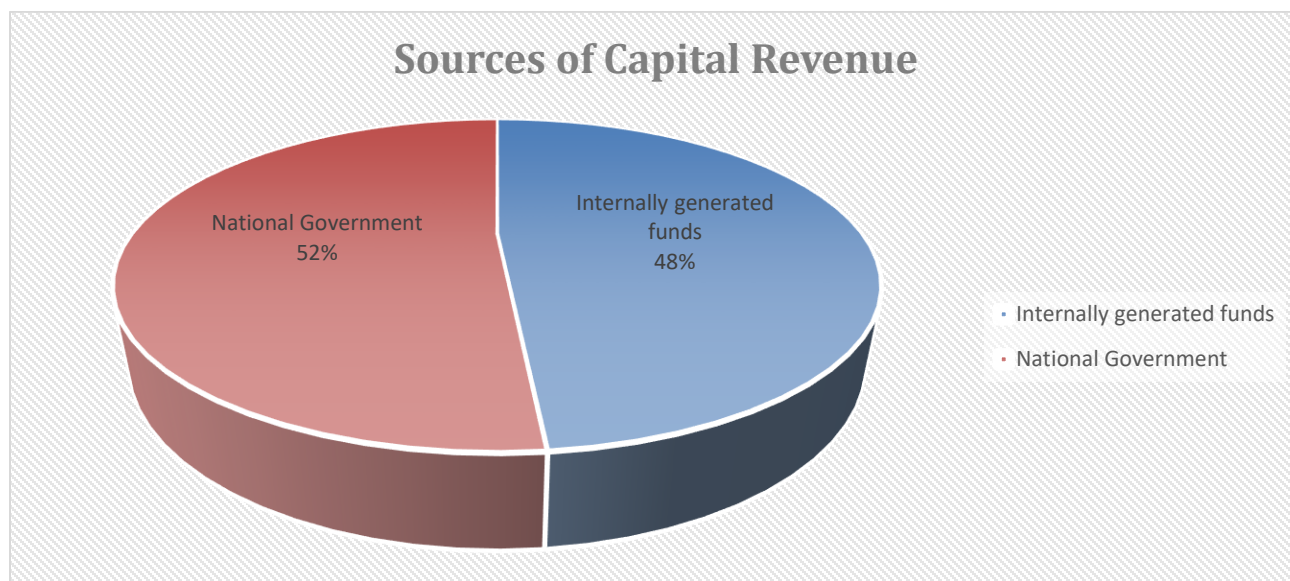
The following table is a breakdown of the funding composition of the 2025/26 medium-term capital programme:

Table 25 Sources of capital revenue over the MTREF

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A5 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, functional classification and funding

Vote Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Funded by:											
National Government		5 310	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Provincial Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality		(707)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (Nat / Prov Departm Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public Corporations, Higher Educ Institutions)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers recognised - capital	4	4 602	(5 549)	(3 382)	32 665	53 274	53 274	50 811	34 345	41 314	43 132
Borrowing	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internally generated funds		60 285	(12 598)	51 654	30 494	30 003	30 003	32 726	18 043	20 303	21 240
Total Capital Funding	7	64 888	(18 147)	48 272	63 159	83 277	83 277	83 537	52 389	61 617	64 372

The above table is graphically represented as follows for the 2025/26 financial year.

**Figure 4 Sources of capital revenue for the 2025/26 financial year**

Capital grants and receipts equates to 52 per cent of the total funding.

Table 26 MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grant receipts

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA18 Transfers and grant receipts

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
Operating Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		175 644	205 809	240 687	176 289	176 289	176 289	174 945	172 342	180 119
EPWP Incentive	—	3 191	4 846	6 277	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 428	—	—
Finance Management	—	3 750	5 600	7 450	1 800	1 800	1 800	1 900	2 100	2 200
Integrated National Electrification Programme	—	25 539	40 500	64 006	—	—	—	—	—	—
Local Government Equitable Share	—	143 164	154 863	162 954	171 112	171 112	171 112	169 550	167 994	175 573
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	—	—	—	—	1 977	1 977	1 977	2 067	2 248	2 346
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
Provincial Government:		9 722	9 783	30 518	2 000	—	—	2 079	1 363	1 427
KwaZulu-Natal_Capacity Building and Other_Specific	—	—	—	1 000	2 000	—	—	700	—	—
KwaZulu-Natal_Infrastructure_Specify (Add grant de	—	9 722	9 783	29 518	—	—	—	1 379	1 363	1 427
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
District Municipality:		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
[insert description]										
Other grant providers:		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
[insert description]										
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	185 366	215 592	271 205	178 289	176 289	176 289	177 024	173 705	181 546
Capital Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		80 933	128 485	174 191	37 565	—	—	39 281	42 711	44 575
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	—	80 933	119 485	149 419	37 565	—	—	39 281	42 711	44 575
Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	—	—	9 000	24 772	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other capital transfers/grants [insert desc]										
Provincial Government:		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—									
District Municipality:		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
[insert description]										
Other grant providers:		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
[insert description]										
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	80 933	128 485	174 191	37 565	—	—	39 281	42 711	44 575
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS		266 299	344 076	445 396	215 854	176 289	176 289	216 305	216 416	226 121

2.5.6 Cash Flow Management

Cash flow management and forecasting is a critical step in determining if the budget is funded over the medium-term. The table below is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice and also improves understandability for councillors and management. Some specific features include:

- Clear separation of receipts and payments within each cash flow category;
- Clear separation of capital and operating receipts from government, which also enables cash from 'Ratepayers and other' to be provide for as cash inflow based on actual performance. In other words the *actual collection rate* of billed revenue.

Table 27 MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement**KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows**

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A/ Budgeted Cash Flows											
Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand											
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Property rates		–	–	–	7 470	7 470	7 470	–	7 470	7 470	7 470
Service charges		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other revenue		–	–	–	3 731	3 731	3 731	–	17 971	11 889	12 425
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	1	193 260	99 207	45 402	189 315	184 586	184 586	27 731	177 024	173 705	181 546
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	–	–	–	42 465	63 565	63 565	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Interest		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 000	6 270	6 546
Dividends		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		680 398	(931 945)	(1 169 709)	(241 875)	(272 665)	(272 665)	(188 217)	(195 919)	(204 800)	(213 549)
Interest		–	–	–	–	(26)	(26)	–	–	–	–
Transfers and Subsidies	1	–	–	–	(2 227)	(2 749)	(2 749)	–	(2 218)	(2 320)	(2 424)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(1 122)	(16 088)	(16 088)	(160 486)	49 610	34 926	36 590
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		–	–	–	391	391	391	–	–	–	–
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Capital assets		–	–	–	(75 441)	(95 768)	(95 768)	–	(60 247)	(70 859)	(74 025)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		–	–	–	(75 050)	(95 377)	(95 377)	–	(60 247)	(70 859)	(74 025)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Short term loans		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Borrowing long term/refinancing		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Payments											
Repayment of borrowing		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(76 172)	(111 465)	(111 465)	(160 486)	(10 637)	(35 933)	(37 435)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	–	–	–	27 153	27 153	27 153	11 407	951	(9 686)	(45 619)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2	873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(49 019)	(84 312)	(84 312)	(149 079)	(9 686)	(45 619)	(83 055)

2.5.7 Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

This following table meets the requirements of MFMA Circular 126 which deals with the funding of a municipal budget in accordance with sections 18 and 19 of the MFMA. The table seeks to answer three key questions regarding the use and availability of cash:

- What are the predicted cash and investments that are available at the end of the budget year?
- How are those funds used?
- What is the net funds available or funding shortfall?

A surplus would indicate the cash-backed accumulated surplus that was/is available. A shortfall (applications > cash and investments) is indicative of non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA requirement that the municipality's budget must be 'funded'. Non-compliance with section 18 is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded (budgeted spending is greater than funds available or to be collected). It is also important to analyse trends to understand the consequences, e.g. the budget year might indicate a small surplus situation, which in itself is an appropriate outcome, but if in prior years there were much larger surpluses then this negative trend may be a concern that requires closer examination.

Table 28 MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation.

KZN213 Umzumbe - Table A8 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

RZ12/23 Unzimbo - Table A6 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation											
Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand											
Cash and investments available											
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(49 019)	(84 312)	(84 312)	(149 079)	(9 686)	(45 619)	(83 055)
Other current investments > 90 days		(680 157)	932 429	1 170 595	85 441	101 768	101 768	180 911	—	9 686	45 619
Non current Investments	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cash and investments available:		193 501	99 691	46 288	36 422	17 457	17 457	31 832	(9 686)	(35 933)	(37 435)
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		2 070	2 048	8 168	—	—	—	27 190	681	—	—
Unspent borrowing											
Statutory requirements	2	(522)	(1 312)	(4 378)	(10 799)	(31 284)	(31 284)	(4 324)	(24 807)	(25 064)	(26 128)
Other working capital requirements	3	32 758	27 626	29 002	28 674	25 840	25 840	19 954	(1 911)	(2 094)	(2 012)
Other provisions		7 635	7 271	7 893	7 494	7 494	7 494	7 893	658	—	—
Long term investments committed	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5	(29 216)	(29 216)	(29 216)	—	—	—	(29 216)	(2 435)	—	—
Total Application of cash and investments:		12 724	6 418	11 469	25 370	2 050	2 050	21 496	(27 814)	(27 158)	(28 140)
Surplus(shortfall) - Excluding Non-Current Creditors Trf to E		180 777	93 273	34 818	11 052	15 406	15 406	10 336	18 128	(8 775)	(9 295)
Creditors transferred to Debt Relief - Non-Current portion		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Surplus(shortfall) - Including Non-Current Creditors Trf to E		180 777	93 273	34 818	11 052	15 406	15 406	10 336	18 128	(8 775)	(9 295)

Table 29 MBRR SA10 – Funding compliance measurement

KZN213 Umzumbe Supporting Table SA10 Funding measurement

KZN175 Shizumba Supporting Table SA16 Funding measurement												
Description	MFMA section	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25				2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
			Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
Funding measures												
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end - R'000	18(1)b	1	873 658	(832 738)	(1 124 307)	(49 019)	(84 312)	(84 312)	(149 079)	(9 686)	(45 619)	(83 055)
Cash + investments at the yr end less applications - R'000	18(1)b	2	180 777	93 273	34 818	11 052	15 406	15 406	10 336	18 128	(8 775)	(9 295)
Cash year end/monthly employee/supplier payments	18(1)b	3	81.2	(49.1)	(68.5)	(3.7)	(6.3)	(6.3)	(11.4)	(0.6)	(2.9)	(5.1)
Surplus/(Deficit) excluding depreciation offsets: R'000	18(1)	4	17 831	(27 393)	(14 197)	38 731	64 037	64 037	67 657	30 130	15 233	15 689
Service charge rev % change - macro CPIX target exclusive	18(1)a,(2)	5	N.A.	(0.5%)	(5.7%)	44.6%	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(4.6%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)
Cash receipts % of Ratepayer & Other revenue	18(1)a,(2)	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	0.0%	91.0%	85.4%	86.0%
Debt impairment expense as a % of total billable revenue	18(1)a,(2)	7		32.0%	15.6%	20.1%	20.1%	20.1%	0.0%	17.5%	18.2%	19.0%
Capital payments % of capital expenditure	18(1)c,19	8	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Borrowing receipts % of capital expenditure (excl. transfers)	18(1)c	9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grants % of Govt. legislated/gazetted allocations	18(1)a	10								121.7%	121.4%	121.4%
Current consumer debtors % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	11	N.A.	2.7%	6.8%	10.6%	0.0%	0.0%	15.8%	(84.2%)	(43.1%)	(3.7%)
Long term receivables % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	12	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
R&M % of Property Plant & Equipment	20(1)(vi)	13	1.4%	5.9%	1.6%	1.4%	1.5%	1.5%	9.3%	18.9%	18.8%	0.0%
Asset renewal % of capital budget	20(1)(vi)	14	2.3%	(21.1%)	44.3%	15.2%	15.5%	15.5%	0.0%	24.4%	24.9%	24.9%

2.6 Expenditure on grants and reconciliations of unspent funds

Table 30 MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA19 Expenditure on transfers and grant programme

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
EXPENDITURE:	1									
Operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		(6 897)	(10 446)	(13 727)	5 177	–	–	5 395	4 348	4 546
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant	–	(3 147)	(4 846)	(6 277)	1 400	–	–	1 428	–	–
Local Government Financial Management Grant	–	(3 750)	(5 600)	(7 450)	1 800	–	–	1 900	2 100	2 200
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	–	–	–	–	1 977	–	–	2 067	2 248	2 346
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
Provincial Government:		(8 949)	(8 949)	(28 477)	2 000	–	–	2 079	1 363	1 427
KwaZulu-Natal	–	(8 949)	(8 949)	(28 477)	2 000	–	–	1 379 700	1 363	1 427
KwaZulu-Natal_Infrastructure_Specify (Add grant description)_Receipts										
Other transfers/grants [insert description]										
District Municipality:		375	375	375	–	–	–	–	–	–
KwaZulu-Natal-DC 21 - Ugu-Capacity Building and	–	375	375	375	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other grant providers:		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other Transfers Public Corporations	–									
Total operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants:		(15 472)	(19 021)	(41 829)	7 177	–	–	7 474	5 711	5 973
Capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		(106 313)	(168 865)	(233 165)	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant	–	(25 500)	(40 500)	(61 443)	–	–	–	–	–	–
KwaZulu-Natal-DC 21 - Ugu-Infrastructure	–	119	119	119	–	–	–	–	–	–
Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	–	–	(9 000)	(24 712)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	–	(80 933)	(119 485)	(147 129)	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Other capital transfers/grants [insert desc]										
Provincial Government:		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
KwaZulu-Natal	–									
District Municipality:		119	119	119	–	–	–	–	–	–
KwaZulu-Natal-DC 21 - Ugu-Infrastructure	–	119	119	119	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other grant providers:		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
[insert description]										
Total capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants		(106 194)	(168 746)	(233 046)	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF TRANSFERS AND GRANTS		(121 666)	(187 767)	(274 875)	44 742	–	–	46 755	48 422	50 548

Table 31 MBRR SA 20 - Reconciliation between of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds**KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA20 Reconciliation of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds**

Description	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
R thousand										
Operating transfers and grants:	1,3									
National Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		32 480	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Repayment of grants										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		25 583	(10 446)	(13 727)	5 177	–	–	5 395	4 348	4 546
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		6 897	10 446	13 727	(5 177)	–	–	(5 395)	(4 348)	(4 546)
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		9 722	9 783	30 518	2 000	–	–	2 079	1 363	1 427
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		773	834	2 041	4 000	–	–	4 158	2 726	2 854
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		8 949	8 949	28 477	(2 000)	–	–	(2 079)	(1 363)	(1 427)
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		375	375	375	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		(375)	(375)	(375)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total operating transfers and grants revenue		26 731	(9 238)	(11 311)	9 177	–	–	9 553	7 074	7 400
Total operating transfers and grants - CTBM	2	15 472	19 021	41 829	(7 177)	–	–	(7 474)	(5 711)	(5 973)
Capital transfers and grants:	1,3									
National Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		80 933	128 485	174 191	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		(25 381)	(40 381)	(58 975)	75 130	–	–	78 561	85 422	89 150
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		106 313	168 865	233 165	(37 565)	–	–	(39 281)	(42 711)	(44 575)
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts		80 933	128 485	174 191	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		80 933	128 485	174 191	37 565	–	–	39 281	42 711	44 575
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total capital transfers and grants revenue		55 552	88 104	115 216	112 695	–	–	117 842	128 133	133 725
Total capital transfers and grants - CTBM	2	106 313	168 865	233 165	(37 565)	–	–	(39 281)	(42 711)	(44 575)
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS REVENUE		82 282	78 866	103 905	121 872	–	–	127 395	135 207	141 125
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS - CTBM		121 785	187 886	274 994	(44 742)	–	–	(46 755)	(48 422)	(50 548)

2.7 Councillor and employee benefits

Table 32 MBRR SA22 - Summary of councillor and staff benefits

KZN213 Umzumbe - Supporting Table SA22 Summary councillor and staff benefits

Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration									
Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Current Year 2024/25			2025/26 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework		
R thousand	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2025/26	Budget Year +1 2026/27	Budget Year +2 2027/28
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)									
Basic Salaries and Wages	-	-	10 631	12 005	12 005	12 005	11 456	11 983	12 523
Pension and UIF Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Aid Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance	-	-	3 544	4 002	4 002	4 002	3 443	3 601	3 763
Cellphone Allowance	-	-	1 614	1 591	1 591	1 591	1 685	1 762	1 842
Housing Allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other benefits and allowances	-	-	6 546	-	-	-	6 300	6 590	6 886
Sub Total - Councillors	-	-	22 335	17 598	17 598	17 598	22 884	23 937	25 014
% increase		-	-	(21.2%)	-	-	30.0%	4.6%	4.5%
Senior Managers of the Municipality									
Basic Salaries and Wages	2 626	2 133	1 921	3 498	3 498	3 498	4 105	4 294	4 487
Pension and UIF Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Aid Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Bonus	209	-	-	653	653	653	898	939	982
Motor Vehicle Allowance	892	700	631	1 166	1 166	1 166	457	478	500
Cellphone Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	102	107	111
Housing Allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other benefits and allowances	188	236	107	-	-	-	1 368	1 431	1 496
Payments in lieu of leave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long service awards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarcity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acting and post related allowance	-	-	36	70	70	70	-	-	-
In kind benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality	3 915	3 069	2 695	5 387	5 387	5 387	6 931	7 249	7 576
% increase		(21.6%)	(12.2%)	99.9%	-	-	28.7%	4.6%	4.5%
Other Municipal Staff									
Basic Salaries and Wages	38 798	40 303	44 357	53 105	53 105	53 105	53 916	56 396	58 940
Pension and UIF Contributions	5 876	6 270	6 540	8 453	8 453	8 453	9 114	9 534	9 964
Medical Aid Contributions	1 935	2 044	2 080	5 736	5 736	5 736	6 274	6 563	6 858
Overtime	2 604	3 115	6 108	653	653	653	4 800	5 021	5 252
Performance Bonus	3 104	3 024	3 363	4 090	4 090	4 090	4 074	4 262	4 454
Motor Vehicle Allowance	4 674	7 197	6 567	8 770	8 770	8 770	7 677	8 030	8 392
Cellphone Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Allowances	358	516	434	750	750	750	938	981	1 025
Other benefits and allowances	2 832	4 235	4 443	1 423	1 423	1 423	5 816	6 084	6 363
Payments in lieu of leave	902	808	1 231	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long service awards	58	45	105	198	198	198	208	218	228
Post-retirement benefit obligations	223	291	287	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarcity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acting and post related allowance	544	666	285	600	600	600	215	225	235
In kind benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff	61 908	68 515	75 800	83 777	83 777	83 777	93 033	97 312	101 711
% increase		10.7%	10.6%	10.5%	-	-	11.0%	4.6%	4.5%
Total Parent Municipality									
	65 823	71 584	100 830	106 762	106 762	106 762	122 847	128 498	134 300
		8.8%	40.9%	5.9%	-	-	15.1%	4.6%	4.5%
Board Members of Entities									
Basic Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension and UIF Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Aid Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cellphone Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other benefits and allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Board Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments in lieu of leave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long service awards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarcity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acting and post related allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In kind benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total - Board Members of Entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% increase		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Managers of Entities									
Basic Salaries and Wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension and UIF Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Aid Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cellphone Allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other benefits and allowances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments in lieu of leave	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long service awards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarcity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

I, municipal manager of Umzumbe Local Municipality, hereby certify that the 2025/26 annual budget and supporting documentation have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act and the regulations made under the Act, and that the annual budget and supporting documents are consistent with the Integrated Development Plan of the municipality.

Date _____